

WILL GO IT ALONE.

The Southwestern Directors Decide to Break from the Central, AND AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, TOO

It Is Proposed to Consolidate with the Mobile and Girard, and the Montgomery and Euflavia, if Possible.

Macon, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—There was a called meeting of the directors of the Southwestern railroad today. It was the most important meeting that has been held since the Central railroad system went into the hands of a receiver. All the directors were present: President John S. Baxter, of Macon; W. G. Hault, of Atlanta; J. A. Jordan and W. R. Cox, of Macon; H. M. Comer, of Savannah; John A. Davis, of Albany; A. R. Lawton and George J. Mills, of Savannah.

The board authorized President Baxter to proceed to take the Southwestern from the control of the Central and put it on an independent footing. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved 1. That the president of this company be and is hereby authorized and instructed to adopt the necessary steps to have this and take the necessary steps to have this company's railroad delivered to its board of directors, and the discretion is left with the president to agree with the receivers of the Central railroad as to a specific date in the future at which a transfer can be made with the least disturbance to the public.

Resolved 2. That the president be and is hereby authorized and instructed to take such steps as may be proper, under advice of counsel, to collect whatever may be due from the Central railroad and banking company of Georgia to this company for account of rental and all other sources of indebtedness under the lease.

Resolved 3. That the president be and is hereby authorized and instructed to create an organization suitable for managing the business of the company and to make such arrangements as may be necessary to make the company complete and effective by the date that may be agreed upon for the transfer of the road to the company.

Resolved 4. That the president open negotiations with the Central railroad and banking company of Georgia for the lease or rental of the necessary number of cars and engines for the use of the company on a fixed sum per month or upon a mileage basis, with a view of said arrangement remaining in the hands of the company to be had, and avoid the purchase of rolling stock. Failing in this the president is authorized to purchase rolling stock or to lease the same on the car trust plan, or to lease the same under any arrangement and in part under any other arrangement as may seem to him advisable.

Resolved 5. That the president be and is hereby authorized and instructed to deliver to a trust company of New York, or to any other trust company, all the rolling stock, equipment, franchises and other property of the company, to be held in trust for the benefit of the company, and to make such arrangements as may be necessary to make the company complete and effective by the date that may be agreed upon for the transfer of the road to the company.

Resolved 6. That the president be and is hereby authorized and instructed to make such arrangements as may be necessary to make the company complete and effective by the date that may be agreed upon for the transfer of the road to the company.

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of the lodge seven years, and have paid all dues and assessments required of them, and are entitled to be paid \$100 at the end of seven years. Quite a number of Macons have today been paid \$100 in full, because they have not drawn any sick benefits during the seven years. The son has been paid sick benefits, the amount of the benefits, with interest thereon, is deducted from the \$100. The beneficiaries of the \$100 have had to pay to the lodge at Baltimore \$250 per month and \$50 per quarter to the local lodge each year during the seven years, and assessments from time to time.

The State Fair. The holding of the state fair at Macon next fall has already been mentioned in this column. President Waddell, of the Georgia Agricultural Society, is anxious to make the fair a grand success. He says:

"It would seem early to agitate the next fair which is to be held in Macon next fall. But it is necessary to begin early to secure success. Formerly, when fairs were new things in our state, and when there was but one organization in the state for holding them, we had little trouble in conducting them. Now, however, with exhibitions organized by the state, and the larger cities, the labor and expense are greatly increased. The worst feature to me in the present state of affairs is the fact that there has been engendered sectional differences in the state which must result in injury if persisted in."

"I see that the papers in Atlanta are discussing the advisability of holding an exposition at the next year. This, I regret, for it is a fact that it is impossible to hold two great and successful fairs in our state the same year. I feel very sure if your public spirited citizens will assist me, we can hold the Atlanta fair over shown in Georgia. The recent fair in Augusta, grand in its results to our state and section, was the result of a combination of efforts of the fair in an intelligent, united effort to command success in the face of fearful odds and many discouragements. The entire people of Augusta, directed by the Augusta Exposition Company, were united enthusiastically in the work. If they reap the benefits they deserve Augusta will feel, for many years, the impetus given her by the fair and exposition."

"Under our contract with Macon we must hold our fair of 1894 in that city. No city in Georgia or the south possesses greater advantages for holding a successful fair than Macon. Almost in the center of the state, and the south, reached conveniently by splendid railroads from every point of the compass with a climate, always pleasant, but especially so at this season, we can be wanting, if there is a united effort and co-operation, between the city, the railroads and our society."

A Railroad Case. The Northeastern Railroad and the Macon and Northern Railroad have been using the same depot at Athens and have had a joint agency. Since the Northeastern has passed from the control of the Richmond and Danville and is now in the hands of the Macon and Northern, the joint agency will be dissolved. Receiver N. E. Harris, of the Macon and Northern, has petitioned the United States court at Macon for the dissolution of the joint agency. The question will be heard by Judge Speer at Macon tomorrow.

FRANK POWELL SURRENDERS. After the Inquest He Gave Himself Up to Business Changes.

Pelham, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—At the inquest upon the body of Rube Moley Monday night, the coroner's jury found that the deceased came to his death by a gunshot wound; said wound being inflicted by Frank Powell, with a double-barrel shotgun. The verdict was voluntary manslaughter. Powell came in yesterday morning and gave himself up.

It has been broken up this place for the erection of the mill recently purchased by Mr. J. L. Hand, from the Thomasville Cotton, Oil and Fertilizer Company.

The telephone line between Pelham and Meigs, owned by the Pelham Telephone Company, is completed and in working order. This is the outcome of the refusal of the Western Union Telephone company to place a permanent office at Meigs.

Mr. J. R. Forrester, Jr., will leave for Atlanta at an early date. He goes there to establish a branch office of the Pelham Telephone Company, and to see that his interests, now doing business at this place.

The Hand Trading Company has purchased the mercantile business of Mr. J. L. Hand, and will begin business on January 1st. The stock was valued at something over \$100,000.

SWAN RESTORES THE WHISKY. Now He Must Go to Jail for Three Months.

Charleston, S. C., December 27.—(Special.)—Constable Swan goes to Barnwell jail in charge of a deposit of United States marshal at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. At 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, Constable Swan appeared at the jail here, where was stored the barrel of whisky which got him in trouble, and showed an order from Governor Tillman directing the sheriff to deliver the barrel to him. Swan, then in company with the other constables, put the barrel on a wagon, stamped it with the dispensary stamp and carried it back to the warehouse of the South Carolina railway, whence he took it and delivered it to the officers of the company. Swan's sentence is three months and until the costs in the case are paid. It is believed here that Governor Tillman will pay the costs and also pay Swan's wages, \$2 a day, during his incarceration.

IT IS MOVING SOUTH. Virginia's Serpent in the Sky Is Seen in South Georgia.

Waycross, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—Several persons report having seen a brilliant star of great size in the heavens about 7 o'clock last night. It was oblong in shape, having a tail at each end. It was encircled by a halo. Across the star was a double-belt shaped like a coffin which formed a cross. The cross was distinctly seen. The phenomenon disappeared about 8 o'clock. A few negroes heard today of the strange sight. They showed great excitement and firmly believe that it is a sign that the world will come to an end soon.

EXPECTS A STRUGGLE. Milwaukee, Wis., December 27.—Henry C. Payne, one of the Northern Pacific receivers, says he does not expect the payment of the road to accept the reduction of pay under the order of the United States court without a struggle. If they will be no trouble in filling their places. Scores of applicants for positions have applied from railways over the country. The railway men are beginning to go to St. Paul, Minn., hoping that a strike will break out on the road, which they can fill. Mr. Payne declined to express any opinion on the contention of the men that it was with bad grace that the receivers ordered the cut after applying for a yearly salary of \$18,000 a piece.

THREE ATTEMPTS AT SUICIDE. New York, December 27.—Three men, Louis Becker, a shirt maker; Max Simon, a carpenter, and Charles Harris, a clerk, attempted suicide this morning. They form part of the city's great army of destitute unemployed and sought death as a relief from their sufferings. All will recover.

A YOUNG MURDERER. Columbus, Miss., December 27.—Moses Hughes, colored, aged twenty, was stabbed to death this evening by Rust Hughes, colored, aged nine. Hughes is the youngest murderer ever jailed in this county. He claims that he was attacked by three boys and killed Humphrey in self defense.

GOVERNOR TURNER'S FAVORS. Nashville, Tenn., December 27.—(Special.)—Governor Turner today appointed John C. Thompson to be county judge of Weakly county and W. G. M. Thomas to be police commissioner at Chattanooga.

BOLD HIGHWAYMEN.

Footpads Assault a Man and Rob Him in Daylight.

HE HAD QUITE A GOOD ROLL OF BILLS

A Bad Negro Caught, and Fortunately for Him the Anger of His Race Has Cooled Down.

Birmingham, Ala., December 27.—(Special.)—This afternoon at 3 o'clock in an alley one block from the corner of Third and the center of the city, C. L. Bell, a white man recently from Chattanooga, was knocked in the head by footpads and robbed of \$25 in money. Bell, it seems, was going up the alley to a store, and he was nearly all behind him and struck him on the head with a heavy rock. He fell insensible and went through his pockets, taking from an inside vest pocket the roll of bills. Then they escaped unnoticed and as yet have not been traced.

An examination of Bell's wounds show that they are not serious. He has entirely recovered consciousness and will be well in a day or two. He was out two weeks ago in Chattanooga, and has been prospecting here with a view to engaging in business.

Deserves a Heavy Penalty. If Ebenezer Rogers, a negro who was arrested in Tusculossa yesterday and brought here by an officer today, had been caught two months ago it is probable that the negroes here would have made things lively for him. He got drunk one October night and apparently without reason, assaulted his wife in a brutal manner, it is charged, breaking a number of her bones and crushing her skull. He then took a red hot poker and attempted to burn her face. She was sent to the hospital and it was some weeks before she could talk and tell what assaulted her. Rogers was spotted at Tusculossa and was caught last week for assault with intent to murder.

An Old Man's Suicide. An aged man named John Keveling committed suicide at Woodward, a suburb, this afternoon. He has been in ill health and has been the cause for his ill health. He placed the butt of a shotgun loaded with buckshot in his mouth and pulled the trigger with a walking cane. One side of his body was blown off and he died instantly.

Greeted by a Brass Band. General John B. Gordon arrived in the city this afternoon at 3 o'clock and met by the band of the United States army. A body, the local military and a large number of prominent citizens. As he was being escorted to his quarters, a band struck up "Dixie." Tonight he delivered his lecture, "The Last Days of the Confederacy," in the Winnie Davis wigwag to a large audience.

TWO FIRES IN BIRMINGHAM. Pains and Oil Works Burned—Two Dwellings Destroyed.

Birmingham, Ala., December 27.—(Special.)—The Leonard & Ellis, oil and paint works, in this city were consumed by fire this morning, together with \$7,000 worth of stock. John Swope, a negro laborer, received injury in the fire. He was badly burned and is feared. He was boiling some paint and oil when the mixture exploded and started the fire. Before he could leave the building a fire had spread all over it, and in an hour the structure and all the contents were entirely destroyed. The loss, which exceeds \$18,000, was covered by insurance. The works belong to Philadelphia.

Two Dwellings Burned. Fire this morning consumed two dwellings on First avenue and Eighth street, with a loss of some \$4,000. The houses belonged to Woodfield Bruhy and were occupied by Mrs. E. Kaminsky. Most of the contents were destroyed. The insurance will cover about half the loss.

Around Alabama. Blocton, Ala., December 27.—(Special.)—Mr. Green Quinn, of Mississippi, is visiting his brother after an absence from the state of nearly thirty years. He is just twice the age he was when he left here, but his appearance and his manners are so little changed that all of his old friends recognize him on the streets.

It is stated on good authority that New York and Nashville capitalists, who are already largely interested in this section, have entered into an arrangement with the Rolling Mill Company to start the mill at once. The non-residents will furnish the money to put the plant in prime condition and the residents will provide capital to run it. They are negotiating with a gentleman for manager who is considered probably the most capable farmer and rolling mill man in the south. Bessemer is greatly interested in the prospect.

Decatur, Ala., December 27.—(Special.)—J. J. Miller, foreman of the molding department of the carworks at this place, was severely injured by a falling iron spatter on his face and head. He thought he will recover, although it is feared he will be badly disfigured for life. He will probably lose an eye.

Decatur, Ala., December 27.—(Special.)—E. A. Cleck, of the carworks here was perhaps fatally injured by being struck in the back with a spike driver. He stepped in front of a moving train and was struck by a heavy hammer and caught a leg just above one of his kidneys. He is suffering intensely.

Redding, of Nashville, Tenn., has been here for some days past inspecting the timber about Cordova with a view to establishing a large sawmill here. It is stated he has made up his mind to locate the plant here.

Birmingham, Ala., December 27.—(Special.)—Colonel John N. Carpenter of Entone, died at his home in this town yesterday. He lived here several years where he practiced his profession as the law. Colonel Carpenter was the father of the young man, Perry Carpenter, who was so foully assassinated here about a year ago.

Birmingham, Ala., December 27.—(Special.)—A correspondent writing from Marion, Ala., says: "It is rumored that about a week ago there was a party of men inspecting the country up Cahaba Valley, near and beyond this place, looking for the best route by which to extend the Mobile and Birmingham railroad. Among the present northern terminus at Marion, Tenn., the prospective point—Birmingham and the coal fields."

WORK OF THE LEGISLATURE. The System of County Administration Has Been Completely Changed.

Columbia, S. C., December 27.—(Special.)—Editor Williams, of the Greenville News, calls the legislative body that has just adjourned the "June bug" legislature. The special session of the legislature has been a string to them and that they hummed and buzzed according to the way the governor pulled. And then, too, he says that they were such a beautiful shade of green.

Probably the best piece of legislation enacted at this session is the passage of what is known as the county government act. It makes a complete change in the system of county government. The matter was started by Congressman McGowan, two years ago, but was never favorably considered until this session.

It is a very radical measure, but may prove to be an improvement on existing conditions. It abolishes, after the 1st of January, 1895, all boards of county commissioners and township assessors, introduces an entirely new scheme of government, provides for a county supervisor in each county at a salary varying from \$300 to \$1,000, who is the exclusive officer of the county, has supervision over all county affairs and draws all warrants upon the county treasurer, after approval by the county board established by the act.

Township Boards. The act provides for a township board of assessors for each township, consisting of three members, who serve without compensation. The township board shall constitute a township board of assessors, together with the county supervisors, a county board of commissioners, who are to meet four times a year, or oftener, if called together by the supervisor, to act as an advisory board to the supervisor. All county claims are passed upon by them and they perform the duties hitherto performed by the county board of equalization.

The township board of commissioners has charge and control of all roads, ferries and bridges, and perform the duties heretofore performed by the township assessors. Provision is made in the act for work upon the roads to be let out by contract and for convicts to be worked upon the roads in chains, all persons sentenced by courts or municipal authorities to hard labor not more than two years being liable to chain-gang duty.

Senator John Gary Evans, who fathered the bill after Mr. McLaurin went to Congress, says that the bill is primarily a road bill, intended for the betterment of the public roads.

The Revision of the Code. There is a great deal of misunderstanding concerning what action was taken by the legislature in the matter of the codification of the laws. This misapprehension arises from the fact that the legislature approved the report, while the house undertook to enact it as law, but gave it up as a bad job.

The Constitution representative, in order to clarify the situation, has investigated the matter thoroughly and finds that this is the situation: The legislature has approved the revision and digest of the laws and the commissioner is authorized to scrutinize them and make whatever corrections he thinks proper and then superintend their publication. Two thousand copies will be printed for distribution, as provided in the general statutes, and they will be useful as hand-books of the law, though they are not declared to be the law.

It is expected that the revision will be ready for the printer by the 1st of March.

IN THE NORTH STATE. Professor Hill Declines the Presidency of an Arkansas College.

Raleigh, N. C., December 27.—(Special.)—Twelve freight cars were wrecked this morning near Sanford and a negro brakeman was instantly killed.

The committee of the trustees of the agricultural and mechanical college met here today and applied for the detail of Lieutenant Richard Henderson, of the United States army, as professor of military tactics. Professor D. H. Hill, of the North Carolina Agricultural and Mechanical college, declines the tender of the presidency of the Arkansas Agricultural and Mechanical college, and will remain here. His father, General D. H. Hill, was for years the president of that college.

Mrs. Walter E. Faison, wife of the chief of the division of the United States department of state, is dead. She leaves twin infants. Her death occurred at her home in Clinton, N. C.

The state of North Carolina has now 925 convicts at work doing hard labor on the lands at its great leased farms on Roanoke river. This is the largest number of convicts it has ever had thus employed.

FROM AN ASSASSIN'S ACT. Bristol, Tenn., December 27.—(Special.)—A special tonight from Double Tunnel, Va., on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, says: William Heard shot and killed a young man, named Finley, there this afternoon. They both worked for a lumberman, named Taylor. They quarreled over their work yesterday. Heard told Finley that he would kill him if he did not pay attention to the three things that Heard was trying to bluff him. As Finley was walking past Heard's house this afternoon the latter stepped to the door and shot the former with a shotgun, killing him. Heard has fled. It is thought that he is on his way to Norton, Va. A posse of ten men started in pursuit of him. He is about twenty-two years of age and single. He seems to have been a stranger, no one knowing where he came from. Heard is a married man and is said to be from near Abingdon, Va.

Governor Waite Quotes Scripture. Denver, December 27.—Governor Waite, in his address before the state business men's convention, said he was in favor of fighting for free silver. "Till hell freezes over," said Richard Collins wrote to the governor suggesting that profanity did not well become a high official.

Governor Waite has replied: "The word 'hell' is not necessarily profane. Christ, himself, was so outraged by the deeds of the users and extortioners of the day, that he deemed it best to use the word. It is a blasphemy of all that is holy, with that class in these days, that even the most gentle and meek of all creation was provoked to say to them, 'ye generation of serpents, how can ye escape the damnation of hell?'"

Yo Tambien May Be Sold. Chicago, December 27.—Chris Smith, owner of the Kendall stables, who has recently been in hard luck, is in danger. It is said tonight, of losing the great mare, Yo Tambien. Some time ago he gave a bill of sale to Leo Mayer, a well-known Chicago sport, to secure a loan of \$7,500. This bill of sale, which was on Yo Tambien, was considered merely a matter of form as the mare is said to be worth more than double that sum. Mayer is a heavy creditor of Smith and the latter is afraid his mare will be seized on the bill of sale, and will, he says, fight the case vigorously.

An Italian Kills a Negro. New Orleans, December 27.—Thomas Gibson, a negro, was shot and killed last night this morning by Vincent Politz, an Italian. The men quarreled over some fruit. Politz became incensed at the negro and drew a revolver. When he returned to the sidewalk the darky had been upon Politz followed him up and killed him. The murderer was arrested.

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THE DEATH ROLL. Columbia, S. C., December 27.—(Special.)—The Rev. Edwin A. Bolles, a well-known and venerable Lutheran minister, died at his home in this city last night after an lingering illness. In his eighty-second year, he had been a member of the church for nearly a century and filled many charges in the Lutheran church. For many years he was the state agent of the American Bible Society.

The funeral services were held at St. Paul's Lutheran church this afternoon.

Pelham, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—Miss Bell McLean died at 12 o'clock Christmas morning after an illness of thirty days, and was buried at Capilla yesterday afternoon. Miss Bell was a general favorite at Pelham.

Still Maintains His Innocence. Barstow, N. J., December 27.—Phil Evans, the condemned rapist who is to hang on January 6th, still maintains his innocence. The determined look, bold front, strong voice have all disappeared, however, and he realizes his fate. It is believed that he will break down and tell all in the early date. Jailer Roby watches his prisoner closely and escape is impossible.

THE WEATHER REPORT. The area of high barometric pressure, which on Tuesday evening extended over the central valleys, yesterday continued to move southward until by nightfall its center, or points of maximum pressure, had almost entirely disappeared off the south Atlantic coast. While Georgia was favored by a slight increase in heat, Alabama and portions of Mississippi were colder than on the preceding day. Throughout the west of the Mississippi river, as well as in the Ohio valley and lake regions, there was quite a decided rise in temperature. In the southern states there was a decided moderation whatever, while in other sections rain or snow fell at scattered points, being generally very light. At 8 o'clock p. m. rain was falling at Cincinnati, O., Kansas City, Mo., and St. Louis, Mo., and snow at Huron, S. D.

Forecast for today: For Georgia, generally fair with no decided change in temperature.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

What the Men of the Rail Are Saying and Doing.

Mr. Daniel W. Rountree returned yesterday afternoon after a stay of several days in Savannah. Mr. Rountree is one of counsel of the stockholders in the appeal from the decision of Judge Jackson with regard to voting the Richmond Terminal's 42,000 shares of stock, which is now in the hands of the court of appeals in New Orleans.

He said yesterday that the case would hardly be decided before February of next year. This, however, he said, would not prevent the Terminal from voting the stock at the January election, as the supersedeas bond had

HIS COMMITTEES.

Mayor Goodwin is Working on the Membership for the Coming Year.

SOME OF THE CHAIRMANSHIPS

As to the Complete Membership of the Committees There is Much Conjecture—Some of the Fat Places.

Mayor Goodwin now has his thinking cap set squarely on his head and he is doing some of the tallest thinking of his life, too. Once every year Atlanta's mayor has to think and the time for that thinking comes just before the first meeting of the general council in January, which takes place on the first Monday of that month.

On that day the new members of the general council come in and on that day the mayor must announce his standing committees for the year then beginning.

The formation of these committees is no easy task and when various members of the general council and their friends go to the chief executive clamoring for positions on the committees the task becomes doubly hard.

But it seems that Mayor Goodwin is able to make his committees for the year '94, and if the private slate which has been dropped is not washed away by a sponge in the hands of some who may be dissatisfied with the council of '94 will be as good as that of '93.

Of course the finance committee is the most prominent and, though not always the most important, members of the general council are hunting for a birth on that committee with great regularity and no little amount of industry. Mr. H. C. Stockwell is the present chairman of the committee, and as he is one of the holding over members, the betting is at big odds that he will be retained at the head of the six gentlemen who will handle Atlanta's finances. Only two members of the committee retire from the council next Monday. Messrs. Rice and Adams, but the indications are that the committee will be badly knocked to pieces when Mayor Goodwin reads its membership. It is said that the committee will read something like this: Stockwell, chairman; Neilsen, Stephens, Hirsch, Beattie, Howell and Dimmock.

The committee will more than likely be composed of seven members in the future because Atlanta now has seven wards. This, however, is not necessary, as the committee never had more than three members up to the time of Hon. John Tyler Cooper's administration.

Next to the finance committee, the interest of the city visitors centers in the sewer committee, as it is thought that Atlanta will spend quite a sum of money in sewers this year, more than she has ever spent in that line before. This will make the committee one of the most important of the list, and a place on it would be quite desirable. During the past year, or rather the year just closing, the committee has been composed of Mr. Peters, of the sixth ward, and Messrs. Renau and Shropshire, ward, and Messrs. Renau and Shropshire, both of whom retire. That Mr. Peters has made a most excellent chairman, not only his record of work, but those who have been associated with him testify, and as he is now probably the best posted man in the council on Atlanta's sewer system, the indications are that he will be retained as the chairman of the committee. Those who are presumed to be posted are of the opinion that Mr. Dimmock and Mr. Martin will be Mr. Peters's associates on the committee.

The street committee is always an important one, and this year it will be more important than usual. It is said that Mayor Goodwin has been asked more about that committee than any other one since he began his work of formation. The present chairman of the committee, Mr. Dimmock, retires, and so do Mr. Neilsen, and Mr. Northern, members, while Mr. Colvin goes from the council to the aldermanic board. Just now, it is said to be nip and tuck between Mr. Colvin, who has been a member of the committee, and Mr. Dimmock for the chairmanship. It is generally conceded that both gentlemen will be on the committee, and that Mr. Martin, of the fifth, and Mr. Neilsen, of the seventh, will be with them. Mr. Welch, of the eighth, will in all probability be on the committee, too, from that ward.

The tax committee will be a leading one, too, next year, and it is better than any even bet that Mr. Beattie and Mr. Dodge will be on it, together with Mr. Campbell and Mr. Welch, of the fifth.

During the year two new engine houses will be built, and two new fire companies will be equipped. Mr. Colvin has been on that committee, and wants it again. He may be the chairman, while Mr. Dimmock and Mr. Neilsen, in whose wards the new buildings are to go up, will in all probability be his associates.

Messrs. Hill, Hirsch and Boyd have made one of the best police committees Atlanta has ever had. The first one only retires, and quite a number think that only one name will be added to the list. But there are many who are of the opinion that Mr. Boyd alone will be retained and that Mr. Camp, of the first, and Mr. Howell, of the aldermanic board, will be added, the latter with the chairmanship.

Many think that Mr. Campbell will be given charge of the sanitary committee, with Mr. Peters and Mr. Harralson, or Mr. Harralson and Mr. Martin.

The waterworks committee, it is said, will be placed in the hands of Mr. Boyd, chairman; Mr. Peters and Mr. Eroyles. The bridge committee will have a full hand all through the year, as the Broad street bridge and the Alabama street bridge are to be built or at least started, and the members of that committee will have but little time to spare to other work. It is intimated that Mr. Hirsch will be retained as chairman, and that Mr. Howell and Mr. Harmon will be added.

Mr. Harmon will fall heir, in all probability, to electric and other railroads and may have a berth on the board of fire masters. The junior members of the body as a rule are required to wait patiently for the second year of their term before falling into soft snags. This year Mayor Goodwin may change things more generally than ever before.

Beside the committees named there are the committees of the cemetery, contest-claims, electric lights, telegraph and telephones, manufacturers and statistics, ordinances, parks, printing, public buildings and grounds, relief and salaries.

Of these the committee on public buildings and grounds is liable to come to the front before the end of the year. When a member of the aldermanic board before, Mr. Howell was a member of that committee, and while at the head of the committee he suggested a new city hall for Atlanta and at one time it looked very much like

the suggestion would go through. The chances are that before 1894 rolls around the ground work for a city hall will have been laid.

So far the membership of that committee has not been discussed.

CITY NEWS.

IT'S A LARGE SUNDAY SCHOOL.—One of the largest and most successful Sunday schools in the city is that at the Grace church, on the Boulevard, and tonight one of the happiest Christmas entertainments of 1893 will be given there by the Hon. J. C. Hendrix and the other officers of the school for the benefit of the scholars. In the auditorium there will be music and addresses and the programme, which has been made for the evening, will prove most interesting to those who attend. After the exercises in the auditorium the scholars and teachers and the officers will go to the basement of the church, where delightful refreshments will be served. The school is one of the most prosperous and successful in the city and is the pride of all connected with the church.

GOING HOME FOR BURIAL.—The body of Miss Lucy Williamson, who died at Atlanta yesterday en route to Petersburg, Va., for burial. Miss Williamson died Monday night in Pensacola, Fla., where she had been several months in search of health. She was one of the most charming and lovely ladies of the old Virginia town, and her death will cause general sorrow among those who knew her.

HE IS IMPROVING.—Mr. Thomas Wall, the young railroad man, who was so seriously injured ten days ago, on the Seaboard Air-Line, is improving rapidly, such the medical staff at the Grady hospital is now sanguine of his early recovery. Mr. Wall will, however, find himself a cripple for life when he gets away from the hospital.

HE IS QUITE SICK.—Mr. Thomas Dewald, the well-known butcher, is quite sick at his home on Windsor street, and his friends are very apprehensive of the result.

THE GWIN SEMINARY.—Attention is called to the advertisement of the Gwin seminary. Its president is one of the best educators in the country and is working to establish in Atlanta a college as thoroughly equipped as can be found anywhere.

BLOWN UP.—Herbert Gentry, the thirteen-year-old son of Manager Gentry, of the telephone exchange, is suffering from a nearly serious accident that occurred Christmas day. A small cannon of which he was the unfortunate possessor, as later events showed, exploded and filled his face and eyes with powder. A physician was called in at once and his suffering eased in every manner possible. He was much better yesterday.

TELEPHONE ALARM.—An alarm was sent yesterday morning by telephone to the fire department. The fire was on the roof of the home of Mr. Ed Werner, on Washington street, and was quickly put out. The damage was trivial. Hoses from No. 1, chemical No. 1, hook and ladder No. 1, hose wagon No. 2 and hose wagon No. 5 responded to the alarm.

STOLE DOORS.—Jim Gresham was bound over yesterday by Justice Orr on the charge of having stolen some doors. The amount of his bond was placed at \$250 and he went to jail.

BLUEBELL CLUB.—The Bluebell Club, composed of many of the younger children in West End, will give an entertainment tonight at the home of Mrs. Cunningham, on Ashby street. Miss Nellie Harris will give a recitation. Miss Lillian Harris will give a short history of the club and there will be other numbers of interest. The club was formed for the purpose of benevolence.

RECEIVER WEST.—An application has been filed for the appointment of a receiver for the Goodman Company, which has a number of mortgages on Tuesday. Captain A. J. West was appointed receiver.

RECEIVER KELLY.—Mr. T. J. Kelly was appointed receiver of the E. A. Franklin saloon, which was closed on a mortgage.

FOR DAMAGES.—W. W. Gopher filed a suit yesterday against A. N. Oldfield, N. A. Chastain and John Bradley for \$1,500. Gopher alleges that he has been confined to his bed over a year and that on his refusal to leave the roads, and despite his condition and the presentation of a physician's certificate, he was sent to jail three days.

FOR A DIVORCE.—A suit for divorce was filed yesterday by Jephtha H. Harris against his wife, Elizabeth Harris. He alleges in his petition that she deserted him in 1889 and wants a total divorce.

A FREE DINNER.—At 1 o'clock today there will be a dinner given at the Fifth Baptist church to the needy, both adults and children, who may wish to come and partake. The food has been contributed by our liberal citizens, and, no doubt, will be greatly enjoyed. All who have made donations are requested to send them to the church as early in the afternoon as possible. Those who cannot send please have their gifts ready by 10 o'clock a. m. and they will be sent for.

MRS. STEPHENS DYING.—Mr. Clarence Stephens, a nephew of the late Governor Alexander H. Stephens, received a telegram yesterday that his wife was dying at her mother's home in Thomson, Ga. Mr. Stephens left for Thomson on the little train and expected to find Mrs. Stephens dead when he reached there.

SPENDING THE HOLIDAYS HERE.—Mr. James F. Butler, a prominent young business man of Savannah, is spending the holidays with his brother-in-law, Chief Connolly, on East Hunter street.

A SAD DEATH.—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Yancey died yesterday afternoon at their home on Jenkins street after an illness of only a few days. The child was a bright boy of ten months of age, and was the idol of his parents' hearts. The interment will take place this afternoon in the family lot in Oakland cemetery.

HE IS A PAPA.—Mr. Henry Thomas, the well-known ballist, was one of the happiest men in the city yesterday. In the early morning of the morning a charming little lady with soft flaxen hair and dimpled chin reached the home on Larkin street and was greeted by a bonfire of fits and levies.

ALL ANSWERED.—Box 41, at the corner of Peachtree and Decatur streets, was turned in yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The entire apartment responded. The blaze was caused by the crossing of two wires. No damage.

GONE BACK HOME.—Mr. Charles A. Platten, who has been in the city for several weeks pushing the sale of Suwanee Springs water, left last night for his home in Savannah. He had great success in placing the favorite water among the people of Atlanta.

A DANCE TONIGHT.—On Friday night, December 29th, the Zouaves will give a dance at their hall, 825 East Alabama street. The fair closed last Friday night, but the dance will be under the same management, which means that it will be a success. On the same evening all the articles left over from the fair will be raffled off. The couples deserve patronage, and it is to be hoped that there will be a good attendance.

GREEDY BURGLARS.

They Took Everything and Left the Family Without Clothes.

Machen, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—The home of Mr. Joseph A. Robertson, of the place was burglarized Monday night. He and his wife were asleep, and before 6 o'clock some parties entered and took all the clothing, bed clothing and provisions. It must have been the work of several, as the number and weight of the articles preclude the possibility of one or two having done this deed. The members of the family were left with nothing except what they had on.

ULTRA-SENSATIONAL.

West End Comes to the Front in Rapid Style.

A NEGRO PREACHER HAS TROUBLE

He Tried to Enter a House on Gordon Avenue—His Woes and Troubles Explained by Himself.

As the day of permanent annexation between Atlanta and West End approaches, police circle events in the last named suburb have become more stirring and metropolitan-like every day. Until the climax was reached yesterday morning at 1:30 o'clock in the shape of an attempted burglary, four pistol shots, a thoroughly frightened negro preacher and a pursuing policeman.

The negro was a preacher well known in West End colored religious circles by the name of Rev. Robert McGuire. The first pistol shot was caused by Rev. Robert McGuire's assumption, temporarily only, of the role of a burglar and the sudden awakening of Mr. Bixby, whose house on Gordon avenue he was attempting to enter. The combination of a fleeing preacher—Rev. Robert



REV. MCGUIRE IN FULL FLIGHT.

McGuire having dropped his guise of robber in sudden haste, commingling with agitation, at the first firing—and Policeman Irby in hot pursuit occasioned the three secondary reports. The frightened preacher was accompanied by the patrolman to the guardhouse was the signal for some sturdy clubbing on the patrolman's part, and some elegant lung exercise from the preacher's side.

But the story in its natural order, sequence and consequences, is interesting and afforded some excitement to that quiet abode, the seventh ward, better known as West End.

It was a few minutes past 1 o'clock yesterday morning when Mr. Bixby, who lives at 318 Gordon avenue, heard some one trying to enter his house. Reaching for his gun, Mr. Bixby proceeded to investigate without stopping to don any extra garments. He made his way softly to the portion of the house that the noise appeared to come from and there discovered an intruder of the blackest type.

Mr. Bixby sprang out at him, and with a howl the burglar fled. Just as he turned a corner of the house the gentleman fired, but missed. At this juncture a very serious accident was in a state of progress—serious and unfortunate for Rev. Robert McGuire. A policeman was walking down the street hardly a hundred feet away from the house. He immediately gave chase, and up Laidlaw street the pair sprinted. Three times the policeman called for the fleeing preacher to stop and sign a treaty of peace or an unconditional surrender, and then he fired three times somewhat in the direction of the disappearing burglar.

The negro turned into an alley and then attempted to hide in a hedge of thorns and honey-suckle. Two policemen, a second officer having been alerted by the first, came upon him and hauled him out, administering a good clubbing during the process of extraction, the preacher howling: "Murder! Help! Turn me loose! You'll have to kill me! Murder! Help!"

In the melee and confusion the entire population, including the dogs, that lived anywhere in the neighborhood of Laidlaw street, were thoroughly aroused by the unusual noise. The preacher was so badly frightened that he forgot everything, except his name and the exclamations for help that always form a portion of every first-class burglar's outfit, and he insisted on calling on Bob to leave him alone. When he came out of his trance he was in jail.

He Left for "Nigger Heaven."

Rev. Robert McGuire was taken before Mayor Neilsen and asked to explain the most unbecoming act of the early morning. "Fo Gawd, Mister Neilsen," exclaimed the colored minister, "I want me, I didn't mean no harm. I was huntin' for my wife. I bleesed to holler 'when dese yer gentlemen coteh hol' er me, 'cause I knowed day was under a serious mistakness. Dim guns make mo' noise dan de reports of de finance committee er de church. Iey runt my appetite so, 'til I ain't want no bre'funs. But I'm innocent, Mr. Neilsen."

"I'll give you," said Mayor Neilsen, stroking his beard and assuming a severe cast of countenance, though he was visibly amused, "I'll give you \$5 and costs or—"

"Mister Neilsen," broke in the preacher, "I tote you I was huntin' for my wife, an' fo Gawd she ain't with dat much."

"Or sixty days in the chain-gang," continued the mayor, "or you can leave town at once. Take your choice."

"I'm goin', sho," exclaimed the Rev. McGuire. A policeman escorted him to his house where he got a small bundle of clothes, a pone of cornbread and a piece of fat meat, but penitent preacher, he was going down the railroad in the direction of East Point.

GOSSIP OF SOCIETY.

Mrs. S. M. Inman has issued invitations to a children's party for tomorrow evening from 3 to 5 o'clock. The entertainment is a Christmas party in honor of the children of the Inman family. Misses Bell, DuBoise, Greer and Harris, and the cards, with their dainty decorative rows of pansies and gold lettering, are as pretty and dainty as can be.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Knowles gave a beautiful dinner to a few friends last evening. The table was handsomely adorned in superb roses, and a menu worthy of the host and hostess and their guests was elegantly served. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Inman, Mr. and Mrs. Will Inman, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Major Livingston Miles, and Dr. Harris.

Mrs. Henry Grady has issued invitations for a dinner this evening in honor of Miss Gussie Grady. Mrs. W. L. Peel gave an elegant dinner last evening in honor of her daughter, Miss Lucy Peel, grace and affability as a daughter are so noted that it seems superfluous to mention them. She has a most charming gift of making her guests feel comfortable and happy. It was a pink dinner, at the decorations being in that color and the young ladies all wearing pink. The guests were: Miss Gussie Grady, Miss Rebelle Lowe, Miss Lillian Lochrane, Miss Iza Glenn, Miss Minnie Cabanis, Messrs. Walter Inman, Robert Maddox, William Knoll, Frank Orme, Otis Smith and Dick Bell.

Last evening the home of Mr. John Casey, on the Boulevard, was the scene of a most delightful euchre party, given by Miss Agnes Casey and Miss Gertrude Casey, a number of their friends. The handsome home was beautifully decorated, and the party was a most charming one in every respect.

Miss Mabel Gentry will be at home to her friends tomorrow night from 8 to 12 o'clock.

The piano pupils of Miss Cio Prather's class are making preparations for a matinee

musical to be given early in January. Some of the young ladies of Miss Carabel Heldt's vocal class will assist in the musical. The friends of these young musicians are looking forward to a lovely musical treat in the New Year.

An excellent programme will be rendered by the Atlanta Vocal Society, Mr. A. M. Burbank, director, at the Young Men's Christian Association hall tonight.

Miss Lizzie Tucker, of Carnesville, is visiting Mrs. J. B. Osburn, on Powers street. Miss Tucker is one of the most charming and entertaining young ladies in the city, and will make many friends during her stay in the city.

Invitations are out to the marriage of Miss Josie Wheeler to Mr. G. L. Howard, both of Atlanta. The ceremony will take place Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, 473 West Hunter street, and will be witnessed by only a few friends of the contracting parties, owing to the illness of the young lady's aunt. Miss Whiteley is one of Atlanta's most charming and accomplished young ladies, and has a great many friends throughout the city, while Mr. Howard is one of the best known and most popular conductors with the Traction company.

Miss Lula Evans, who has been quite ill at her home, on Fair street, was much better yesterday and the physicians in attendance upon her are now hopeful of an early recovery.

Miss Laura Morgan, one of the reigning belles of Chattanooga, is in the city, the guest of relatives on Powers street. Miss Morgan has visited Atlanta before and is well known and quite popular here.

Miss T. E. Dalton, one of the most popular and beautiful young ladies of West Point, is in the city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. P. Gordon, on Woodward avenue.

Cedartown, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—One of the prettiest weddings of the year occurred at the Baptist church in this place Sunday evening at 8:30 o'clock, the contracting parties being Mr. C. F. Madden, of Rome, and Miss Annabel Barber, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Barber, of this place.

The church was artistically decorated for the occasion. At 8:30 o'clock, promptly, the bridal party arrived at the church, and was preceded down the aisle by Mr. John Ashley and Miss Willie Wood, the only attendants. Miss Wood was wearing a becoming dress of tan. Miss Barber, a lovely lavender cloth dress, trimmed in velvet and gold, and a beautiful bouquet of white hyacinths and la France roses. After the ceremony, the bride party left the church to the soft strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, played by Miss Annie May Cooper. The guests were numerous and beautiful. Among them was a beautiful set of silver tea set, presented by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, of which order the groom is a member.

Mr. and Mrs. Madden will make Cedartown their future home.

Miss Nila Kirkpatrick and Miss Jennie Durham, of Nashville, Tenn., are visiting Mrs. C. S. Evans, 55 Powers street. Mr. Stonewall Jackson, now one of the most successful traveling men of Louisville, was in Atlanta yesterday shaking hands with his many old friends. Mr. Jackson was successful young business men of the city and is now doing a good work for his employer, Paul Jones, who is an old Atlantan, too.

Who Holds the Lucky Number? The Enterprise Clothing Company has been issuing tickets to all people who purchase a dollar's worth of goods. Today Nos. 5775, 5867 and 323.

If the holder of the first number does not win the prize, and if that number does not call the prize, and if that number third number will get the prize, which is a fine bicycle.

KILLED FOR REVENGE.

A Man Who Had Been Kicked Shoots Two Brothers.

Collinsville, N. C., December 27.—(Special.) Tom Wilkinson shot and killed Ben Robertson and perhaps mortally wounded Robertson, his elder brother, yesterday. Last Sunday afternoon Miss Mollie Robertson, sister of Ben and John, was married at her father's house. Among the guests attended were the Wilkinson boys. They got into a difficulty with two of John and Ben's younger brothers, John. Ben and their father learning of the fighting on, promptly appeared on the scene and kicked one of the Wilkinsons a few times and ran them off the place. One of them left his hat behind. It is supposed that this row was the cause of the killing yesterday evening.



KNOWLEDGE.

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

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How attained—how restored—how preserved. Ordinary works on Physiology will not tell you; the doctor's can't tell you; but all the same you wish to know. Your Sexual Powers are the Key to Life and its reproduction. Our book lays the truth before you, who will regain sexual vigor lost through folly, or develop members weak by nature or wasted by disease, should write for our sealed book, "Perfect Manhood." No charge. Address (in confidence),

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70 PEACHTREE STREET, CORNER POPLAR;

The entire collection will be sold absolutely without any limit or reserve, at

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At 11 o'clock, a. m., and 2.30 o'clock p. m. and continue the following day.

ABOUT 500 RARE AND VALUABLE PIECES

Of Every Kind and Size.

Mr. Geo. H. Weigert, the well-known Art Auctioneer, will personally conduct the sale.

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Mind or Stomach!

YOU are suffering more or less these holiday times

on account of having eaten too much—food too

rich and indigestible. As Christmas comes but

once a year, you thought you would make a slight

infringement on the courtesies of your stomach and

the result is, you are out of gear. One dose of

Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy will relieve indigestion

within five minutes, and a few doses will cure

the worst form of dyspepsia. You can eat with

impunity if you will use this remedy. For sale

by all druggists. Price, fifty cents per bottle.

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—OF—

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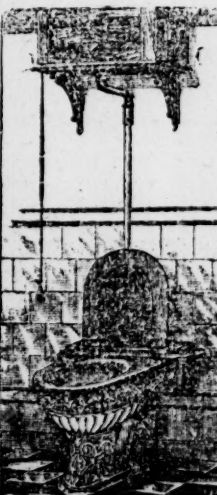
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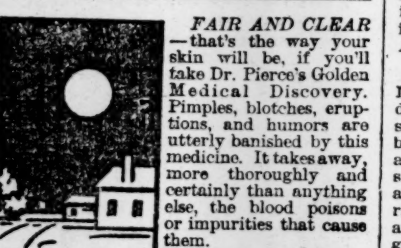
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 NEW YORK—Brentano's, 124 Fifth avenue; Fifth Avenue hotel news stand.
 CHICAGO—P. O. News Company, 91 Adams street; Great Northern hotel, Auditorium annex, McDonald & Co., 52 Washington street.

TEN PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., December 28, 1893.

The Contest Renewed.

In his dispatches of yesterday our Washington correspondent suggested that the same influence which put the tariff in the background and kept it there during the extra session is making itself felt in the regular session. There has been every symptom of intentional delay. The symptom has been so plain, indeed, that business men, commercial bodies, and even democratic organizations have entered protests and urged prompt action on the part of congress. The democrats in that body are all anxious, apparently, for haste in the matter, especially when giving public expression to their views, but the elements that have promoted delay seem to be as active and as powerful as ever.

Situations with the suggestion of our correspondent comes an impressive announcement in The New York Herald to the effect that the moneyed men of the east are raising an immense fund to be expended in an effort to defeat the Wilson bill. The announcement in The Herald amounts to a direct charge, and it is accompanied by the most circumstantial details, occupying two columns on The Herald's editorial page.

The fact that a large sum of money has already been raised for this purpose has been admitted to The Herald by a mill treasurer, who is also a prominent business man. The Arkwright Club, of Boston, an association of mill treasurers, representing \$200,000,000 of capital, has taken action in the matter, and The Herald is informed that these representatives of the money power of the east will leave no stone unturned to compass the defeat of democratic tariff legislation.

The plan of campaign to be adopted by the money power in its effort to defeat the Wilson bill has not yet been decided on, but it is admitted that a large fund has already been subscribed. This, however, is simply the nucleus of the much larger fund that will be at the command of the lobbyists of the money power when the programme of the protected interests is arranged.

There is no doubt that such a fund will prove to be a powerful factor in deciding the fate of the Wilson bill. It will be in the hands of men who know how to use it with delicacy and caution—men who are experts in handling a corruption fund, so that those who surrender to the arguments with which it is garnished will have only the vaguest idea that they are selling themselves for a consideration. Moreover, the corruption fund will be backed by the persuasive influence of those who, through the machinery of capital, wield tremendous political power.

Southern democrats need not be deceived in this matter. They may as well make up their minds to see precisely the same influences, the same arguments and the same elements arrayed against a democratic tariff measure as those which accomplished the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, in direct violation of both the letter and spirit of the democratic platform.

The same interests that were arrayed in favor of unconditional repeal and against the democratic policy and pledge of financial relief will be found arrayed against any tariff measure that lowers duties to the point of relieving the people of the tax which they are now compelled to pay to manufacturers in the price of their goods. The money power, flushed with its success in securing the defeat of the democratic financial policy, is now preparing to bend all its energies to defeat any tariff measure that will meet the just expectations of the people.

The democrats of the south cannot fail to have observed the changed attitude of the tariff reform leaders and politicians of the east. In 1887-8 they were rampant free traders. They denounced Mr. Randall and the conservative element of the party as republicans in disguise and made a tremendous effort to read that element out of the party. In 1892 they wanted to adopt the platform that Mr. Randall had made in 1884, and in 1893 they are using their utmost influence to make the Wilson bill too protective for the endorsement of those who agreed with Mr. Randall.

Thus far this element has not suc-

ceeded in its efforts to emasculate the Wilson bill, but it has injected into it some features that are not wholesomely democratic. The conclusion to be reached—the inference to be drawn—is that this element has felt the almost irresistible force of the influence of the money power and has succumbed to it to the extent of causing the Wilson bill to be delayed from week to week so as to give the millionaire manufacturers an opportunity to gather their corruption fund and arrange their campaign of opposition to the democratic measure.

The tariff and the silver questions are reasonably important, but the real issue which this congress must have some hand in deciding is whether the republic is to be ruled by the people or the money power. It is not a contest between labor and capital. It is a contest between the money power and the people as to the control of the legislative machinery of the country. Thus far the people have been taken unawares. They were not prepared for the tremendous assault that the money power made on the financial policy and pledge of the democratic party, and they are probably not prepared for the attack that is to be made on the Wilson bill. But they need not deceive themselves in regard to the real nature of the contest that is behind all issues of moment. Sooner or later they will have to face and settle the greatest question of all—whether the people will or the influence of the money power shall control legislation.

The defeat of the democratic financial policy and the delay in tariff legislation may mean much more to the people than appears on the surface.

Today's Business Men's Meeting.

The meeting of Atlanta's business men at the Chamber of Commerce today at 12 o'clock will be significant.

On the success of this meeting and the interest displayed in it will depend to a great extent the continued development of the city on the broad scale to which it has grown.

If, in the written invitations which have been sent out, any business man of the city has been inadvertently overlooked he should not let that prevent his attendance at today's meeting. It is a meeting especially for the business men of Atlanta. They should get together and in the old Atlanta way outline the plan of the proposed exposition, which should keep Atlanta busy from now until the enterprise has been pushed to a successful conclusion, and which will, in the meantime, attract the attention of the whole country to Atlanta.

We call attention to a telegram received by The Constitution yesterday from Mr. H. I. Kimball, director general of the famous cotton exposition, which did more for the development of Atlanta than any one thing which has ever been done in the history of the city. It gave to Atlanta thousands of new citizens, hundreds of new business enterprises and brought millions of capital here for investment. Mr. Kimball sees Atlanta's opportunity and urges the city to take advantage of it.

What the world's fair did for Chicago the proposed Cotton States and Sub-Tropical Exposition can do for Atlanta. Under the new tariff system, which will go into effect next year, a vast territory will be thrown open to the southern states for business. Mexico, Cuba, Jamaica and the Bahama Islands will, after this year, belong to the legitimate commercial territory of the vast section of which Atlanta is the great business capital.

Let today's meeting be a representative one! Not a dollar will be asked in subscriptions. The purpose of the meeting is more important than that of raising money. It is to pitch Atlanta's exposition on a scope commensurate with the demands of the occasion. It is for the purpose of picking out an anger big enough for Atlanta to bore with for the next year or two. At the present time money is a secondary consideration. Let Atlanta first make up her mind just what she wants. Then, after this is done, the money will come!

The main thing is to settle on what we want, and this is to be done today at 12 o'clock at the Chamber of Commerce. Let every business man be present, for no representative Atlantian can afford to stay away from today's meeting with a clear conscience that he is doing his duty.

A Plain Question Plainly Answered.

A correspondent writes to ask if an attempt of the democratic party to carry out its policy of making both gold and silver the money standard of the country would not result in establishing at least temporarily the silver standard.

What if it did? This particular bull has been roaring around in the field of financial discussion long enough. It is only necessary to take him by the horns to show that he is an imitation bull, as harmless as a spoonful of gelatine. Therefore, we say that if the whole question resolves itself into a choice between the single gold standard and the single silver standard, then The Constitution and a large majority of those who have no mortgages on their opinions are in favor of a single silver standard. We put that down so that neither our correspondent nor any other doubting or doubtful Thomas shall make any mistake.

This done, let us enter a little more fully into the subject which our correspondent revives. The worst that could happen if our mints were thrown open to the free coinage of silver would be a premium on gold. But would that be a misfortune at this time? Let the intelligent reader call on his experience to aid him so that he may be able to point out for our benefit the mischief that a gold premium would do. We can only judge the future by the past. How did the gold premium that existed in this country from 1865 to 1878 affect the people? Did it injure their interests? Was it

not, in fact, one of the elements that enabled them to recover rapidly from the shock and devastation of a disastrous war? Neither gold nor silver was in circulation. The money standard was the credit of the country and the productive genius and force of the people.

The farmers received profitable prices for their produce; laboring men enjoyed remunerative employment; the trampers had not dawned on us; all forms of trade and business flourished, because the people were rapidly recovering their prosperity and were well supplied with debt-paying money. Was any substantial interest or industry hurt by the gold premium? If so, we should be glad to have some "eminent financier" point out the fact to us.

It will hardly be claimed even by agents and organs of the money power that the gold premium was the cause or the occasion of the panic of 1873, which attended the formal demonetization of silver. That panic, in its most distinguishing features, bears a striking resemblance to the present crisis. There was the same shrinkage in values, the same fall in prices and the same collapse of trade and business. If the collapse in 1873 was more severe than it is now it was because the prosperity of the people and all interests were at a higher level in 1873 than they were in 1893.

A premium on gold at this time, with the mints open, to the free coinage of silver, would be the greatest boon that the people and business interests of the country could have conferred on them. Such a premium would mean the temporary disuse of gold as money in this country, and this would increase the demand for silver, which would come in to take the place of gold. This increased demand would increase the value of silver, while the disuse of gold would tend to decrease the value of that metal.

Increasing value of silver would, prevent the too sudden rise of prices. In short, we should have under the free coinage of silver a gradual restoration of that automatic system under which the world prospered until the greed of the moneyed interests stepped in to disturb the relations between the two money metals.

But we don't want even a single silver standard, though it be preferable to the gold standard.

Give us what the democratic platform pledges—bimetallism. Coin gold and silver as promised "without discrimination against either metal," and then there will be an end to such hard times as the country is now experiencing.

Making a Mistake.

The people's party is making a mistake in the movement set on foot by its leaders to start next year's campaign with a meeting of the state executive committee in Atlanta on January 10th.

The call of the committee is a misrepresentation of the democratic party, and a campaign based on the lines proposed will do nothing more than contribute to the effort which the republicans have set on foot to capture the government in next fall's elections. The safest plan for those who are in earnest in advocating reform is to remain united. Division is defeat. The democratic party should present a solid front in next fall's elections, and it will do so. This is not a time for straggling. The democrats propose to elect men this fall who will redeem the pledges of the party, and it is a very poor democrat who will waver in his allegiance just before the greatest battle the party has ever had to fight.

Congress will settle down to business after the holidays, and if it is true to its pledges, as we hope it will be, it will be found that ground for the wholesale charges of inaction made in the call of the people's party executive committee will be canceled before the next campaign is under way.

The democrats in congress have several months ahead in which to completely redeem the party. If they stick to business and carry out the pledges of the party in good faith there will be no need for another party in this or any other state.

A Desperate Defense.

The patronage press is driven to a desperate end in defending the appointment of ex-republican cabinet officers to the most responsible positions under a democratic administration. When it has to resort to an attack on Senator Brown, now out of public life, and bent almost to the grave with the infirmities of old age.

Our evening contemporary, which has been delirious with joy over the appointment of Mr. Gresham, who was in Arthur's cabinet, as secretary of state, and of Mr. Wayne MacVeagh, who was in the same republican cabinet, as minister to Italy, publishes with evident gusto the anonymous opinion of a "gentleman," who, in alluding to the attacks of The Constitution on Mr. Cleveland for appointing Mr. Wayne MacVeagh as minister to Italy, said:

The Constitution is singularly inconsistent. A few years ago Senator Gordon resigned his seat in the United States senate and a democratic governor appointed Governor Joseph E. Brown to succeed him. He had quit the democratic party, had been a republican judge of the supreme court and had been recognized as the head of the republican party in Georgia. When the legislature met to elect a United States senator, The Constitution urged the election of Governor Brown in opposition to General A. R. Lawton, a gallant confederate soldier and a life-long democrat.

If the aforesaid anonymous "gentleman" did not know that this was a deliberate misrepresentation he would be willing to come out from under the bush. But as he will not do so, the publication of his sentiments must, of course, be taken as in keeping with the extremity to which the patronage press has been reduced in defending the appointment of MacVeagh and Gresham.

Never at any time was Hon. Joseph E. Brown appointed or elected to the senate from Georgia as anything else but a rock-ribbed, copper-bottomed, dyed-in-the-wool democrat. Had he been anything else he would never have been appointed to the vacancy caused by Senator Gordon's resignation, and he certainly would not have been elected for two consecutive terms by the general assembly of Georgia to succeed himself.

During his entire senatorial career Senator Brown did splendid service for his people and for the party which elected him.

With Mr. MacVeagh and Mr. Gresham neither of them has, even to the present day, declared his democratic affiliation. Mr. Gresham was appointed to the cab-

inet on his distinct affirmation that he was not a democrat, and that he agreed with the party on the one single issue of tariff reform. Mr. MacVeagh, whom our evening patronage contemporary's anonymous bushwhacker says has been a democrat for eight years, voted only a year ago against the democratic state ticket in Pennsylvania, being particularly vigorous in his opposition to Governor Pattison, who was elected. Like Mr. Gresham, he refused to swallow Mr. Harrison for a second term and voted for Mr. Cleveland, never, however, relaxing his republican allegiance.

It is a severe strait to which the patronage press is reduced when it is forced to level its guns against a feeble and helpless Georgian, who, at best, can be with us only a short while, and who, after years of splendid service to the state, is now entitled to the peace and quiet which his gray hairs and enfeebled condition bespeak for him. Worst of all is it to deliberately misrepresent him. It is bad enough to attack a helpless antagonist, but it is positively shameful to direct the dart of misrepresentation at an invalid's couch.

Floyd County's Stock Show.

During this Christmas week Rome has had a display of live stock raised in north Georgia and north Alabama. That the show was a fine exhibit every one says who saw it, and that it will stir up a spirit of enterprise in a line which needs to be enlivened is certain. What The Constitution would like to see is such shows more frequent and in every section of Georgia and the south.

Some of the Georgia raised horses, mules and cows on exhibition in Rome this week are as fine looking stock as any section produces. And the day is past when the people of the south looked to the blue grass regions of Kentucky for fine horses and mules for farm use, but right here on Georgia soil there is as fine promise for stock raising as Georgians need look for. A few more shows like that of Sumter county in the fall, and Floyd county this week and the people will begin to wake up to the advantages over which some have slept.

The Christmas gift that the people would appreciate is the redemption of the pledges of the platform—all of them.

The single gold standard continues to dig away the foundations of the country's prosperity.

The Kanaka queen didn't get anything in her sock. But she had it hanging up.

The country seems to have received a stocking full of sawdust for its Christmas.

The money power that defeated the democratic financial policy is arranging its programme to give the Wilson bill its quietus.

The "eminent financiers" say that the way to prevent a further crash is to issue more bonds. This would be a fine Christmas gift for the people.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Speaking of the incivility of the American servants, an English woman who has evidently met some horrible examples, says: "Your society women are charming, your men are refreshingly different from those I meet in my set on the other side of the water, but your servants, most of them at least, are simply unrepentant. Don't think me guilty of British egotism if I say that the only decent servants I have seen since my stay here are those who apparently were not trained in American households. Personally, I think that the bad conduct of a servant is as much a reflection on the mistress of the house as is the bad behavior of the children. The servant who closes the door in a visitor's face or leaves him or her standing in the hallway during the presentation of a card, or who fails to use a respectable title when addressing the guest, or who is so careless of cleanliness that he has fussed hair, or calls her mistress 'she,' I say such a servant may be forgiven on the strength of his or her ignorance of the amenities of society. But as for the matron who permits these things, why, she is either unaccustomed to have servants about her or she cannot teach them the ordinary politeness that she herself lacks."

It is announced that ex-King Milan, of Serbia, has again come to the aid of his financial straits. Since his abdication he is alleged to have spent nearly \$500,000, and it is regarded as probable that he will attempt some fresh coup d'état with a view to the acquisition of a substantial subsidy from the Serbian government.

Chicago will be in a bad fix if the baker's strike keeps up. However, they may have to go back to baking themselves. It is stated that by the end of this week, 5,000 men bakers, employed in 600 Chicago bakeries, will be on a strike. The presentation of new shop rules for the men to sign is the cause of the strike.

Mr. Rockefeller had given \$2,000,000 to the Chicago university and now it is reported that he has added \$1,000,000 to that.

The shippers of the codfish from the Pacific coast declare that they are anxious to get quantities right into Gloucester and other packing points in New England, where it is repacked, marked with new labels, and sent west again to be sold as choice Massachusetts codfish. New Englanders pronounce this a fish story.

The Santa Fe, which has gone into a receivership, is the largest railroad system in this country, having 9,316 miles of main line.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, Great Britain's ambassador to the United States, speaking of the general situation in the United States, says: "The principal features of the last four financial years have been the gradual shrinkage of the surplus and the increase in the government expenditures. In the spring of 1889, when the republican party came into power, there was a surplus in the treasury of upward of \$100,000,000. Last year it was barely \$10,000,000. This year it will hardly reach \$2,000,000, and next year 'here will probably be a deficit. The chief cause of this change have been the extravagance of the fifty-first and fifty-second congresses, the reduction in revenue due to the McKinley act, and the enormous increase in the payment of pensions."

TALK OF GEORGIA TOWNS.

Jonesboro News: We do not believe congress will ever pass an income tax. Simply because it would benefit the poor people, and they have shown that they are against this class.

Eastman Times-Journal: Two carloads of hogs were shipped from near Americus last week to the packing house of Armour & Co., Chicago. This begins to look like business. When our farmers get to shipping hogs to the west or even furnish the meat used in this country it will begin to look like they intend doing something.

Camilla Clarion: The sentiment in favor of an income tax to make up the deficiency which may result from the adoption of the democratic tariff bill. We believe the Georgia sentiment on this question fairly represents the sentiment of the whole country, and that an income tax should be imposed.

Pickens Herald: The farmers are nearer out of debt and will be in better shape for making the next crop than they have been for several years. The most of them have raised more and corn enough to run their farms for another year.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

The Fisherman's Luck.

There's a funny kind of feelin' that a feller can't define. When he sees the water ripplin' from the wigglin' of his line.

An' he stoops, a-smilin' softly, with a thumpin' of his heart, Just a-pausin' for a minnit to give the fish a better start.

There's a nervous sort of quiver in the careful, outstretched hand, That's a-reachin' for the noddin' pole 'stuck-in' in the sand;

An' he braces for a struggle that he knows his jerk awaits, 'Fore he can land the whopper what's a-foolin' with his bait.

There's a woshin' of the waters—a-jerkin' of the pole, An' a cloud of spray's a-flyin' in the sun above the hole;

There's a sudden shout of cussin'—then a grindin' of the sand, Sends another little tarrapin to the far-off, promised land.

—EDWARD N. WOOD.

Our Experience.

Some men have to labor, From sun to sun, While the collector's work is always done.

The Man's Presumably.

"I am single from choice," she said sarcastically. "Whose choice?" he innocently asked.

In the Race.

"You must excuse the beef," apologized the landlady, "the butcher promises to do better tomorrow."

"Ah," muttered Fitzgibbon, "we are all entered for the futurity steaks, as it were."

The Way It Usually Ends.

"Jobson made an assignment today." "In whose favor?" "In favor of his creditors' lawyers."

Man's Inconstancy.

Sound limbs are never valued. "Till we have to get a crutch; In summer we can't get ice enough, In winter we get too much."

Mulls.

Skylights—The sun, moon and stars.

Still in the Ring—The engagement finger.

The turning of the tied is usually in the direction of the divorce court.

When the leader of a brass band cannot attend an engagement he is compelled to send a substitute.

A lover of coffee says his landlady doesn't treat him right, although he stands her grounds.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW.

The announcement that Governor Mitchell will not permit the Corbett-Mitchell fight will cast a damper upon the boxing boom. Every international contest at the many art brings on a boom for boxing that is not confined to the "sporty" boys, but which spreads to the major portion of the youths of the land. Will Drake, who manages the southern sporting department of A. G. Spaulding & Bro., tells one that there has been a marked increase in the sale of boxing gloves from the day it was first announced that the contest would occur in Jacksonville. That announcement, despite the efforts of the officers of the Duval Club to prevent it, has been a damper upon sporting enthusiasm throughout the country. The efforts to make it appear that the governor of Florida is bluffing don't seem to go with the country generally.

Captain J. P. McHenry, of Chicago, reflected the sentiment of a good many people when he said yesterday: "It is all right for them to talk about the governor pulling up a bluff, but to those of us who have had experience, that sort of talk don't go very far. We know that Governor Flower was never bluffing when he said there should be no fighting at Coney Island, that Governor Lowery was not bluffing when he broke it up in Mississippi by going after Sullivan and Kilrain, and Governor Matthews has very effectively put a stop to fighting at our own club at Roby. Now, I know the Jacksonville people say the fight will come off on the date set and that there will be no interference. The officers of the club are hot and say the governor shall not interfere—and a lot of rot of that kind. The threats they are making are doing them no good and will, it seems to me, do more than anything else to make the governor stick to his decision to stop the fight. Governors are pretty good-sized individuals when it comes to that sort of thing, and I don't care how influential those Jacksonville fellows may be, they will find it hard sleddin' if the governor's against them."

"Do you think the fight will come off?" "Yes, but perhaps not on the date fixed. If the Cubans make a good show and I wouldn't be at all surprised to see it go to Havana. And why not? The Cubans are great sports, they have plenty of money and would, I believe, put up handsomely to have such a contest. Of course, if it goes to Havana a great many patriotic American citizens who would like to see the fight will be cut off. There are no Green Line sleepers on the Cuban metropolis and from last accounts the walking was not good from Tampa down. The boys who haven't the price would have a hard time of it and so, too, would a great many others who could not get to Jacksonville. But there are a great many people who would go to Havana to see that fight and I've no doubt it would be a success there."

Mr. J. H. Dillon, who is business manager for Marie Tempest, is at the Aragon and is accompanied by Mrs. Dillon. Dillon is a well known newspaper man who has held prominent positions in New York, Chicago and New Orleans and who is very well known throughout the country. He was talking last night about his last trip west and the condition of the people out there.

"I tell you, my boy," said he, "it is something frightful out there. I haven't been there several months, but it was awfully bad then and it has been getting worse ever since. By the way, did you read of the Christmas present the boys of Lamar, Col., got up for the people of Denver? The Lamar people weren't much better off than their Denver brothers, but they determined on helping out the needy with as good a Christmas present as it was their power to give. So two thousand of them, men and boys, got together and organized a rabbit hunt. The result was a magnificent slaughter of the innocent but toothsome quadrupeds, which footed up a lot of victims to the number of 16,000. Many a happy Christmas dinner was supplied by the people of Lamar. I thought that was a pretty good idea and a practical evidence of brotherly love that was most commendable."

Hon. E. R. Jones, of Albany, spent yesterday in the city. Ed Jones is one of the most popular members of the present house and he will return to the next general assembly, if he desires to do so.

Sandy Cohen ran up from Augusta yesterday to say a few words for Charley Johnston's "Lost Paradise," which comes next week.

"We are sandwiched in between 'Tempest' at \$1.50 and 'Modjeska' at \$2, but I feel sure we will do a good business, as the play is the best De Mille ever wrote. It was a great success in New York and has been everywhere else, and Mr. Frohman sends a strong company." With his usual hustle, Sandy didn't stay long in Atlanta, but went on to seek other fields for his missionary work.

"But the great success of the year," he went on to say, "was the Augusta exposition. It was all even I claimed for it—and, trust, you know, was a great deal."

Mr. William F. Brittain, of New York, was in Atlanta yesterday. He is one of the most active young business men in the metropolis, as he is one of the best known members of the southern colony there. Athens is his old home.

ON A GREAT SCALE.

H. I. Kimball Says Make It a Credit to the Country.

IT WOULD BE OF VAST BENEFIT

Atlanta Can Get Up a Mammoth Exposition, and Should Go About It in a Business Like Way.

Chicago, December 27.—To the Editor of The Constitution: The suggestion in the Sunday issue of The Constitution in regard to a cotton states and semi-tropical exposition to be held in Atlanta at an early date are worthy of the highest consideration of every citizen of Atlanta. The times for commencing work on such an enterprise are propitious. The advantages of location will be conceded and the advantageous results to Atlanta cannot be overestimated.

Experience has demonstrated, however, that the burden of all preliminary work and the cost of preparation for an exposition, whatever its scope, must be provided by the city of its locality. No city has ever received greater benefits from its efforts in this direction than Atlanta. Therefore, no city can count the results of the cost more accurately. But times and conditions have changed, and what was in all respects a great undertaking in 1881, would "count for nothing" now. Then the people of the north and west were interested in the south and rendered substantial financial aid in the preparation. This would be lacking now. Atlanta has asserted her independence. The people all over the world have acquiesced therein and now she will be expected to provide the means for her own enterprises. If she promptly assumes this responsibility and provides for an exposition to be held in the winter of 1895, not before, and preferably later to give ample time for preparation upon a broad scope, she can surprise the world with its magnitude and importance, and show a variety and extent of commercial products that have never been exhibited and which will produce beneficial results beyond computation.

Of Inestimable Value.

In this matter let Atlanta, the Chicago of the south, emulate the Chicago of the north and she will make no mistake. The plan of presenting the special products of the cotton states and semi-tropical countries adjacent thereto is wise. An exposition which will fully demonstrate the great possibility of development in those localities will be of inestimable value to Atlanta. To secure co-operation from the foreign countries referred to, will require your enterprise to be recognized by congress. No more important matter has ever been presented to Atlanta and the county of Fulton. Let it have the most careful consideration.

H. I. KIMBALL.

THE GEORGIA GOVERNORSHIP.

Speaking of The Constitution's canvas of the state for the preferences of the people in the coming gubernatorial campaign, The Griffin Call says: "From this report it is evident the people of Georgia are not prepared to repudiate a man, who is well qualified for office, simply because he was a gallant and brave confederate soldier. Georgia will be able for many years yet to furnish competent men for all her offices from the ranks of her gallant soldiery, or citizens of the manner born, and will continue to prosper."

The Rome Argus says: "It is generally conceded now that General Evans will be our next governor."

The Madison Advertiser says: "General Clement A. Evans, the old war horse, patriot and Christian gentleman, has formally announced his candidacy for the governorship of Georgia. General Evans's name seems to drift high upon a wave of popular favor and sentiment, and he will very likely become our next governor."

Editor Byrd's Boy.

This is the way Editor Byrd, of The Roma Hustler, announces the arrival of a son at the Byrd homestead: "There is a young Byrd at our house—a single one of the specimens that Dr. Hawthorne thinks have a pre-empted right of speaking in public. He arrived on the 24th, and promptly hung up his stockings. Now is the time for the delinquent to search that portion of the scriptures where it says: 'Owe no newspaper man anything.'"

Disappointing.

From The Washington Star: "Sister," said the little boy, "will you please make me a lot of biscuit, like those you gave us for breakfast the other day?" Sister was touched. They were the first cheering words Johnny had ever heard in a long time. "Certainly," she answered. "Are you going to have a party?" "No; I wanted to try them in my new slingshot."

Wanted to Be Kicked.

WILL MEET TODAY.

At Noon the First Steps Toward the Exposition Will Be Taken.

CITIZENS TO MEET FOR CONFERENCE

And Determine Upon Preliminary Plans for the Great Enterprise.

THERE SHOULD BE A LARGE MEETING

Everybody Urged to Attend—The Exposition Spirit Has Hold of Atlanta and Everything Points to Success.

Twelve o'clock noon, today.

That is the hour fixed for the first meeting in the interest of the Cotton States and Sub-Tropical Exposition.

Pursuant to the call issued by President Woodson, of the Chamber of Commerce; President Bullock, of the Commercial Club; The Constitution and The Journal, the preliminary meeting in the interest of the proposed exposition will be held at noon today in the hall of the Chamber of Commerce.

The meeting should be a large one and doubtless will be. Every business man, every professional man—in short, everybody who can possibly do so, should attend. There is no possible doubt that the exposition spirit has taken hold of Atlanta and that her live, progressive citizens are ready to take hold of, and push through to success, any plan which may be agreed upon.

Today's meeting is for conference. At it there will be a full and free expression of views, suggestions of plans for organization will be made and ways and means for carrying those plans to success will be discussed. It will be an Atlanta conference—a gathering together of representatives of all the interests that go to make Atlanta. The true Atlanta spirit will manifest itself and the Cotton States and Sub-Tropical exposition will be started with an impetus that will prove irresistible.

Remember the hour of the meeting—Twelve o'clock, noon today.

The formal call, which was published yesterday, is reproduced today, as it states clearly and forcibly the object and purpose of today's meeting. It is as follows:

"Atlanta, Ga., December 28, 1893.—Your presence is earnestly desired at a meeting to be held at the Chamber of Commerce on Thursday, December 28th, at 12 o'clock sharp, to take preliminary action concerning the proposed exposition to be held in Atlanta next year. We believe that if the business men of Atlanta go into this undertaking with their usual characteristic enterprise, the wonderful resources of the Cotton States and Sub-Tropical Exposition can be developed to the benefit of the city.

"It is of the utmost importance, however, that this preliminary meeting be a representative one. Your presence is earnestly requested. This letter has been sent to about 100 of Atlanta's most representative citizens, and on the enthusiasm displayed in the first meeting will depend to a great extent the success of the movement.

"This meeting will be purely for discussion. No subscriptions will be asked, but the purpose of the meeting is simply to start the movement on a plan to be outlined as a result of a conference of representative business men, whose judgment and co-operation is specially desired.

"Thursday at 12 o'clock, at the Chamber of Commerce. Don't fail to be present. Respectfully,

"STEWART F. WOODSON,
President Chamber of Commerce.
"RUFUS B. BULLOCK,
President Commercial Club.
"THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.
"THE ATLANTA JOURNAL."

On a Broad Plane.

Everybody endorses The Constitution's suggestion that the exposition should not be confined to any one section of this country, but should be broad in its scope.

Cotton States and Sub-Tropical—

That is the idea. An exposition of the diverse interests and the wonderful resources of the cotton states, full and complete; and in addition to that an exhibition of the interests and resources of our sisters in the south-west of Mexico, Cuba, the Bahamas, the West Indies and the states of Central America and of South America.

The possibilities of such an exposition are apparent to all. That Atlanta, because of her geographical location and for every other reason, is the place for it must be admitted by everybody. And that the time is auspicious for the holding of such an exposition there can be no possible doubt. Atlanta has only to touch the button—

And today's the day to touch it!

All Are Invited.

It is a citizens' meeting and all are invited to be present.

If anybody has failed to receive a copy of the call let him not stand back on that account. It is probable that there have been a few people missed. The meeting is one for business and professional men and every one of those who can possibly do so should be present.

You hear some talk of hard times and it has been suggested that times are so hard that such an enterprise should not be started just yet.

That times are hard is one very strong reason why the exposition should be started and should be started at once. In his talk, quoted below, Governor Bullock explains fully why an enterprise of this nature would be the best thing possible for Atlanta, and why there should be no delay in getting it started.

Attend the meeting today and help start the ball rolling!

President Woodson Talks.

"I wish you would say for those who have sent out the call," said President Woodson, of the Chamber of Commerce, "that we hope every business man and every professional man in Atlanta who can possibly do so will be present at tomorrow's meeting. We have endeavored to send a copy of the call to all those, but it is to be expected that we have missed some. We hope nobody will stand back on account of being late to receive one of the calls. We want everybody who has the interests of Atlanta at heart to come. It is a case where we want to get together and keep together and pull together for success.

"There is no possible doubt but an exposition of the kind proposed will result in great benefits to Atlanta, to Georgia and to the entire south. We must make it the grandest thing of the kind the south has ever known, and there is no reason in the world why it should not be fully that. The time and the opportunity are at hand. It is a great chance for Atlanta, and I'm sure we will embrace it. To make it a success there must be concert of action. Everybody must take an interest in it and I hope everybody who can possibly do so will attend the meeting tomorrow."

What Governor Bullock Says.

Ex-Governor Bullock, who, as president of the Commercial Club, is one of the signers of the call for today's meeting, is an enthusiastic advocate of the exposition and

believes the enterprise should be pitched on a high scale.

"Its leading features," said he, "should be cotton, mineral and timber exhibits of the southern states, sugar and tropical fruits, Mexico, Cuba, Jamaica and the islands south of us are right at our doors, as it were, and we would have no trouble whatever in interesting the governments and the business men of those countries and inducing them to take an active part in such an exposition.

"Now, there are two things you should emphasize strongly," said the governor. "One is the necessity of taking prompt action; to make such an enterprise a success takes hard work and a great deal of time. The other is that the cry of hard times, instead of retarding the movement, should accelerate it. It is true the times are hard, but to set in motion an enterprise of this kind will improve them. A large body of men given employment at fair wages during the coming year would solve the problem of hard times so far as Atlanta is concerned and the stream of travel and visitors who would be attracted to Atlanta during the exposition would re-establish confidence and would unquestionably do a world of good.

"I hope every business man, every professional man, every man who has the good of the city and the state at heart, will attend the meeting tomorrow."

Remember the hour.

It's noon today (Thursday) and the place is the Chamber of Commerce.

SUES THE EMPIRE STATE BANK.

Mrs. Ellen Venable Files a Petition to Enjoin J. R. Tolleson.

A petition for a restraining order and an injunction against the Empire State Bank and J. R. Tolleson was filed yesterday by Mrs. Ellen Venable, of West End. Judge Richard Clark, in the absence of Judge Lumpkin, signed a temporary restraining order and set the case for a hearing before Judge Lumpkin on January 13th.

In her petition Mrs. Venable alleges that her husband, Mr. W. E. Venable, and Mr. John Venable owed to the Empire State Bank and J. R. Tolleson the sum of \$1,500, and that she was induced to sign the notes to cover this amount, six of the notes being for \$100, nineteen for \$50 and one for \$25. She also alleges that, in order to protect the notes, she was induced to sign a mortgage to certain property in West End.

The allegations of the petition, further, are that she is a married woman and that she owes none of the money and none of the notes, and that therefore an injunction be issued to prevent J. R. Tolleson from disposing of the notes. Mrs. Venable also prays that the notes and mortgage be returned to her.

THE WEEK OF PRAYER.

Announcement of the Programme of Exercises.

The following card from Rev. T. P. Cleveland fully explains itself:

These services will be held during the week beginning Monday, January 8th, at the First Methodist Episcopal church and at the Second Baptist church, every day at 3 o'clock p. m., lasting one hour.

The following programme has been prepared by a committee appointed by the Clerical Ministers' Association, consisting of Revs. T. P. Cleveland, Henry McDonald, C. P. Williamson, J. W. Roberts and R. S. Barrett. West End will have a separate service under the direction of the pastors in that part of the city. The chairman, in behalf of the committee, hopes that each one appointed will gladly serve and if any cannot do so to please notify him as soon as possible.

A fuller statement of the topics for each day will, no doubt, be given later. All of the religious people in the city are asked to pray for the blessing of God upon the services, and as many as can do so are cordially invited to attend. The speakers are allowed only fifteen minutes:

Second Baptist Church—
Monday—"Humiliation and Thanksgiving"—Dr. E. H. Barnett and Dr. A. R. Hordery.
Tuesday—"The Church Universal"—Dr. Walker Lewis and Lucien L. Knight.
Wednesday—"Nations and Their Rulers"—Dr. R. S. Barrett and Professor Charles Lane.

Thursday—"Foreign Missions"—Dr. T. R. Kendall and J. F. Beck.

Friday—"Home Missions"—Dr. J. W. Heidt and W. A. Hemphill.

Saturday—"The Family"—Dr. Howell A. Parks and Judge W. R. Hammond.

First Methodist Church—
Monday—"Humiliation and Thanksgiving"—Dr. J. B. Hawthorne and W. W. Lumpkin.

Tuesday—"The Church Universal"—Dr. O. B. Strickland and Judge J. F. Pendleton.

Wednesday—"Nations and Their Rulers"—Dr. A. G. Thomas and Alexander Bealer.

Thursday—"Foreign Missions"—Dr. W. P. Thirkield and J. F. Downing.

Friday—"Home Missions"—Rev. Virgil Norcross and Judge Howard Van Epps.

Saturday—"The Family"—Dr. C. P. Williamson and E. S. Gay.

ST. PHILIP'S SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The Pupils Gather at the Call of Santa Claus Last Night.

The Christmas entertainment given by St. Philip's Protestant Episcopal Sunday school last night was a great success. The room was crowded to its fullest capacity.

On the platform sat Bishop Nelson, Archdeacon Walton, and the pastor, Rev. Mr. Knight.

There was a brick fireplace made of paste-board bricks filled with Nunnally's best candy. Santa Claus stood by the fireplace ready to drop some good things in the lap of a little girl who had fallen asleep. "Red Riding Hood" was also to be seen, while along at her feet and at Santa Claus's feet were books from London and Bavaria, for the children.

Every teacher and scholar got a brick and a book. After the long meter doxology followed by the creed, the pastor made a fervent prayer, then followed the hymn 206, "While Shepherds Watched Their Flocks by Night."

Then came appropriate scripture readings and hymns. "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name." A collection of presents was then taken for the Home for the Friendless. Addresses were made by the distinguished clergymen present, and the evening closed by Miss May Field and a recitation by Miss Ethel Field were greatly enjoyed.

The superintendent reported an average attendance of 109 per Sabbath. The offering, an average collection of \$5.41, or an average of 5 cents per scholar per Sunday. Three hundred dollars has been raised by this school in three months, which has been spent to liquidate debts, buy improvements, and pay current expenses. This school will enter 1894 free from debt.

After the benediction by Bishop Nelson, a fire balloon was sent up, and all left for home having enjoyed a very happy evening, made more so by the fact of being out of debt.

Royal Arch Masons.

Jackson, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—At a regular convocation of Jackson Chapter No. 54, Royal Arch Masons, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Most excellent high priest, E. E. Pound; excellent king, Y. A. Wright; excellent scribe, Dr. R. G. Bryans; captain of the host, R. E. Stanfield; principal squire, Dr. G. McMichael; royal arch captain, H. L. Daughtry; master third veil, M. V. McKibben; master second veil, B. P. Bally; master first veil, D. G. Spencer; treasurer, Samuel McKibben; secretary, J. W. Carmichael; sentinel, J. U. Hollifield.

Fire at Thomaston.

Thomaston, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—The iron warehouse at this place, situated on the Macon and Birmingham railroad, was burned this afternoon. About two hundred bales of cotton were stored there and the loss falls principally on the merchants, as the farmers who had cotton there had disposed of it. The Macon and Birmingham depot was saved by the efforts of the bucket brigade.

A BARREL HOUSE.

One of the Queer Dens Where Tramps and Beggars Congregate.

ALL DRINKS FOR A NICKEL ONLY

How the Inside of Such an Establishment Looks at Night—A Rendezvous of the Street Mendicants.

There are an unusual number of mendicants in the city just now—tramps who have drifted south to escape the northern snows, and who "graft," as they call it, on the street corners at night. To graft, heaven only knows how the term originated, means to beg, to steal, to rob in short, to do anything except honest work to get money. When a tramp speaks of "my graft," he means his special method of imposing on the public.

It is impossible to walk for any great distance without being accosted by one of these fellows—that is if you have a benevolent appearance, for they are first-rate judges of human nature, and rarely stop anybody capable of giving them a down-



BEGGING FOR A DRINK.

right rebuff; and, ten to one, the story he will tell will be plausible and convincing. Of course, it is always a narrative of a vain attempt to procure employment, but the bold outline is successful in the majority of cases, and at least a nickel out of the average pocket.

The trouble is, one hates to make a mistake. It is always possible that the case may be genuine and the distress unfaked, but, at the same time, it is fairly safe to bet that when the honest, unemployed workman gets the coin in his fist he mutters "see de chump!" and makes a bee line for a barrel house.

The fastidious clubman, who is particular about the right amount of vermouth in his Martini cocktail, and when he indulges the vice, does so amidst all the refinements of civilization, has probably never heard of a barrel house, or has, at best, a very misty idea of what one is like. There are quite a number of them, however, here in Atlanta, and they cut an important part in the life of the average vagrant and shiftless darkey. There is a typical establishment at—

but never mind exactly where it is, the neighbors are not responsible for it, and they cut an important part in the life of the average vagrant and shiftless darkey. There is a typical establishment at—

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compounded liquors sold in these dives.

Not a great while ago a Constitution reporter went into the barrel house described. It was at night and he was with one of the city detectives who was looking for a man. The room was packed with a dense, reeking mass of humanity, mainly negroes, but here and there a white man. The stench and odor of stale tobacco which



ONE OF THE CUSTOMERS.

was overpowering and a haze of smoke, hid the further end like a veil. Almost every man who had secured a seat was fast asleep, and the rags and tatters of these wretches was something indescribable. The reporter recognized a beggar whom he had seen "working" the crowds at Salvation Army street meetings, and succeeded in drawing him into conversation. He was a bright young fellow but a thorough tramp. The barrel houses were the only place a poor man could go for a drink, he said; the regular saloons were too high priced. Then he described what he called a "tube house," where the customers took a long pull at a rubber tube in a barrel for a nickel. When the bartender thought he had his money's worth, he pinched the tube. This he thought was a great improvement.

While the reporter and detective were in the place, two negroes tried to divide up a glass of whisky, but the proprietor snatched it angrily away. It seemed to be contrary to the etiquette of the establishment for more than one man to drink off of the same nickel. Occasionally a negro woman would come in with a tin pal for beer. The beer kegs were at the end of the bar, but save for this "growler" trade, there appeared to be very little doing in



THE BARTENDER.

that line. The regular patrons apparently preferred the fiery draught from the row of barrels.

There is nothing in Atlanta, thank heavens, that equals the horrible dives and dens of the great northern cities, but this is bad enough. It is lamentable to think that so much of the meagre given in good faith to relieve distress finds such a destination.

"THE COUNTRY SQUIRE."

Last night a good sized audience attended the initial production of "The Country Squire" at the Grand. The play is on the order of "The Old Homestead," and is very cleverly interpreted.

The plot, though somewhat complicated, develops by degrees into a clear and comprehensive ending. The work can only lay claim as being a right good domestic comedy drama. The audience present last evening appeared agreeably entertained with the show and the people who gave it were substantially recognized.

Mr. Archie Boyd, who was for some time identified with "The Old Homestead" Company, essayed the title role. He gave perfect satisfaction in the part and made a good impression upon those present. He fills the bill as the country squire completely and is a great success.

The support Mr. Boyd has is, in the main, good. Mr. Krone, as Bob Gerson, is a pleasing actor and did the character well. Mr. Bell essayed several roles in a satisfactory manner. Mr. Adair and Mr. Hurley were only moderate as Jack Morrison and Andrew Tobias. The character of the boy was attempted by Miss Stimpert. Miss Conner and Miss John appeared to please the house. One of the very best features of the production was the singing of the quartet, which comprises Messrs. Rycroft, Chalfant, Coher, and Adams. The voices are sweetly blended and the singers were called back several times.

"The Country Squire" will please you if you like a domestic drama. Matinee and night performance at the Grand.

Marie Wainwright Is Next.

Tomorrow night, Miss Marie Wainwright will begin her engagement at the Grand, presenting a brilliant and highly successful comedy drama, written expressly for her by Clyde Fitch, the able author of "Beau Brummell" and "A Masked Ball." At the matinee on Saturday "Frou Frou," and at night "Man and Wife," will be given. Miss Wainwright has in this play which should prove a potent attraction, and one more over that has the additional merit of being almost a novelty here. All readers of modern fiction know the splendidly telling story of Wilkie Collins, on which the play is founded, and they are not familiar with the masterly manner in which Augustin Daly has transferred it to the stage, using all of Collins's thrilling situations and presenting his sharply defined characters with dramatic contrast and convincing force. The dialogue of the original, so brilliant in its wit and epigram, and so terse and vigorous in its strongest passages, has been used whenever possible. In the character of Anne Sylvester, Miss Wainwright is said to have been remarkably successful.

At the Edgewood.

"The Little Egyptian" was produced at the Edgewood Avenue theater before a large house yesterday afternoon by Miss Mabel Paige and her splendid support. It is a good comedy and holds the attention of the audience throughout. It was, it is claimed, written for Miss Paige, and the part of Violet Brighteyes is the role the essays. She made a distinct hit and proved that, as a child actress, she has no superior upon the American stage. Mr. O'Connor, one of the cleverest young actors in the business, did himself proud in the role of the hero lover.

Miss Amy Paige, in her Spanish dance, caught the house. Mr. Miller, Mr. Althouse and Miss Pomeroy were agreeably recognized.

In the evening "Our Nell" was produced before a rousing house. It proved a whole-

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

some bill and was recognized most graciously. This afternoon "Our Nell" will be presented, and "A Spanish Romance" will be on tonight.

Coming Next Week.

Next week will be a great one theatrically.

First, for two nights and a matinee, comes the queen of light opera, Marie Tempist, in DeKoven's new opera, "The Algerian."

Next, we will have Charles Frohman's "Lost Paradise," with a strong cast.

Then comes the great Modjeska. She will be here Friday and Saturday, presenting "Mary Stuart," "As You Like It" and her new play, "Magda."

SAYS BUSINESS IS GOOD.—Mr. Seth P. Hart, representing one of the largest clothing houses in Philadelphia, is at the Kimball. Mr. Hart says his fall and winter trade throughout the south has been satisfactory—better than last season.

The joints and muscles are so lubricated by Hood's Sarsaparilla that all rheumatism and stiffness soon disappears. Get only Hood's.

STABBED AT THE CHURCH.

Two Young Men Get in a Fight and One May Die.

Augusta, Ga., December 27.—(Special.)—A probably fatal affray occurred at Keyville, on the narrow gauge, last night. Joe Johnson stabbed Eugene Falk four times with a pocket knife at a church concert and oyster supper. The concert and supper were under full headway and the young folks were having a good time generally when a difficulty arose between Johnson and Falk, both of whom had been drinking "tonic," a substitute drink for liquor, sold in dry counties. Johnson whipped out his knife and began stabbing his adversary about the neck and chest. He stabbed him four times before he could be seized. Falk fell to the ground in a dying condition. The doctor who was summoned said Falk was fatally cut.

Johnson went into the supper room shortly after the affair, got his overcoat and left the scene. He has not been heard from since.

Eugene Falk is a nephew of Dr. Falk, of this city, and married Miss Cook in Keyville some time ago. He lived in

A RECEIVERSHIP

Creates a Commotion on the New York Stock Exchange.

GENERAL ELECTRIC AND N. Y. & N. E.

Very Active and Decidedly Lower—L. & N. Also Hammered—70,000 Receipts Makes Cotton Weak.

NEW YORK, December 27.—Speculation on the stock exchange today was feverish and unsettled. It was known at the opening of business that a receiver had been applied for by the opponents of President McLeod, for the New York and New England Railroad Company. The announcement made that Thomas C. Platt had been made receiver. Although this contingency had been largely discussed during the past few days, there was a rush to sell the stock of the company. The holders who had believed that President McLeod would hold control of the property, and their sales were supplemented by heavy offerings on the part of the bears and the result was a break of 1/2% from yesterday's closing price. When a lower level was reached a good buying movement was inaugurated, due largely to covering of shorts, who did not feel disposed to leave their lines out over night, in view of the mercurial proportions of the shares. The decline in the stock on the day is 2 per cent. General Electric was strong in early dealings and rose 1/2%, but during the afternoon was exceptionally weak and was freely sold for both long and short account. The depression in the stocks was due to reports that plans were being formed for the reorganizing of the company, and that the company's business was not on a satisfactory basis. After midday the pressure to sell became very pronounced and a break of 1/2% per cent was made before the bottom was reached. Sales to cover caused a rally of 1/4% in the final dealings, leaving the net loss on the day's transactions 3/4% per cent. Louisville and Nashville was unfavorably affected by rumors that neither scrip nor dividend would be paid for the six months ending with December. August Belmont, chairman of the executive committee of the company, refused to talk on the subject. The stock declined 3/4% per cent, with a final rally of 1/2% per cent. National Cordage, on small purchases, rose 3/4% per cent, the moving influence being the success of the reorganizing scheme and reports of successful termination of important lawsuits. In the late dealings a reaction of 1/4% per cent and a recovery of 1/2% per cent ensued and the preferred shares advanced 3/4% per cent. The general market was firm at the opening and in the early dealings advanced a fraction, but within an hour Baltimore and Ohio dropped 1/2% per cent and the rest of the list fell 1/4% per cent, which was quickly followed by a rally of 1/4% per cent, the latter in Louisville and New Albany preferred. Shortly before 1 o'clock a dire was made in an effort to bring out some long stocks, which was not very successful. These shares, after 1/4% per cent reaction at the opening, had advanced 1/2% per cent, and then fell off 1/4% per cent, which figures the buyers were attracted, it being officially announced that the company was in good condition and doing a good business. Under steady purchasing the stock quickly rallied, selling up 3/4% from the low point and closing at a reaction of 1/4% per cent. The whole market was strong between 1 and 2 o'clock, prices advancing 1/4% per cent. Chicago Gas and Grangers leading the upward movement. During the afternoon a decline of 1/4% per cent was recorded, in which Minneapolis and St. Louis, common and preferred, and Sugar were most prominent. This was followed by a slight rally and quick reaction, but in the late dealings a better tone prevailed and prices moved up 1/4% per cent, the latter American Tobacco. The market closed generally firm.

Government bonds quiet. State bonds dull. Money on call easy at 1 per cent, last loan closed 1 per cent, prime mercantile paper, 3/4% per cent.

Sterling exchange dull and weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.86 1/2 per dollar, 4.87 1/2 for sixty days; posted rates, 4.86 1/2 for sixty days; commercial bills, 4.82 1/2 per dollar.

Silver certificates, 60% bid. The following are closing bids:

Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage pref.	42
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage com.	41
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 1st	40
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 2d	39
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 3d	38
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 4d	37
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 5d	36
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 6d	35
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 7d	34
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 8d	33
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 9d	32
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 10d	31
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 11d	30
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 12d	29
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 13d	28
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 14d	27
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 15d	26
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 16d	25
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 17d	24
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 18d	23
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 19d	22
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 20d	21
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 21d	20
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 22d	19
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 23d	18
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 24d	17
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 25d	16
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 26d	15
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 27d	14
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 28d	13
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 29d	12
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 30d	11
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 31d	10
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 32d	9
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 33d	8
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 34d	7
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 35d	6
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 36d	5
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 37d	4
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 38d	3
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 39d	2
Atch. & Santa Fe	11 1/2	Nat. Cordage 40d	1

N. C. 6s, registered, 112 1/2; N. C. 6s, 111; U. S. 5s, 110; U. S. 4s, 109; U. S. 3s, 108; U. S. 2s, 107; U. S. 1s, 106; U. S. 1/2s, 105; U. S. 1/4s, 104; U. S. 1/8s, 103; U. S. 1/16s, 102; U. S. 1/32s, 101; U. S. 1/64s, 100; U. S. 1/128s, 99; U. S. 1/256s, 98; U. S. 1/512s, 97; U. S. 1/1024s, 96; U. S. 1/2048s, 95; U. S. 1/4096s, 94; U. S. 1/8192s, 93; U. S. 1/16384s, 92; U. S. 1/32768s, 91; U. S. 1/65536s, 90; U. S. 1/131072s, 89; U. S. 1/262144s, 88; U. S. 1/524288s, 87; U. S. 1/1048576s, 86; U. S. 1/2097152s, 85; U. S. 1/4194304s, 84; U. S. 1/8388608s, 83; U. S. 1/16777216s, 82; U. S. 1/33554432s, 81; U. S. 1/67108864s, 80; U. S. 1/134217728s, 79; U. S. 1/268435456s, 78; U. S. 1/536870912s, 77; U. S. 1/1073741824s, 76; U. S. 1/2147483648s, 75; U. S. 1/4294967296s, 74; U. S. 1/8589934592s, 73; U. S. 1/17179869184s, 72; U. S. 1/34359738368s, 71; U. S. 1/68719476736s, 70; U. S. 1/137438953472s, 69; U. S. 1/274877906944s, 68; U. S. 1/549755813888s, 67; U. S. 1/1099511627776s, 66; U. S. 1/2199023255552s, 65; U. S. 1/4398046511104s, 64; U. S. 1/8796093022208s, 63; U. S. 1/17592180444416s, 62; U. S. 1/35184360888832s, 61; U. S. 1/70368721777664s, 60; U. S. 1/140737443555328s, 59; U. S. 1/281474887110656s, 58; U. S. 1/562949774221312s, 57; U. S. 1/1125899548442624s, 56; U. S. 1/2251799096885248s, 55; U. S. 1/4503598193770496s, 54; U. S. 1/9007196387540992s, 53; U. S. 1/18014392774881984s, 52; U. S. 1/36028785549763968s, 51; U. S. 1/72057571099527936s, 50; U. S. 1/144115142199055872s, 49; U. S. 1/288230284398111744s, 48; U. S. 1/576460568796223488s, 47; U. S. 1/1152921137592446976s, 46; U. S. 1/2305842275184893952s, 45; U. S. 1/4611684550369787904s, 44; U. S. 1/9223369100739575808s, 43; U. S. 1/18446738201479151616s, 42; U. S. 1/36893476402958303232s, 41; U. S. 1/73786952805916606464s, 40; U. S. 1/147573905611833212288s, 39; U. S. 1/295147811223666424576s, 38; U. S. 1/590295622447332849152s, 37; U. S. 1/118059124489466568304s, 36; U. S. 1/236118248978933136608s, 35; U. S. 1/472236497957866273216s, 34; U. S. 1/944472995915732546432s, 33; U. S. 1/1888945991831465092864s, 32; U. S. 1/3777891983662930185728s, 31; U. S. 1/7555783967325860371456s, 30; U. S. 1/15111567936651720742912s, 29; U. S. 1/30223135873303441485824s, 28; U. S. 1/60446271746606882971648s, 27; U. S. 1/120892535493213765943296s, 26; U. S. 1/241785070986427531886592s, 25; U. S. 1/483570141972855063773184s, 24; U. S. 1/967140283945710127546368s, 23; U. S. 1/1934280567891420255092736s, 22; U. S. 1/3868561135782840510185472s, 21; U. S. 1/7737122271565681020370944s, 20; U. S. 1/15474244543111362107401888s, 19; U. S. 1/30948489086222724221483776s, 18; U. S. 1/61896978172445448442967552s, 17; U. S. 1/12379395634489089688593104s, 16; U. S. 1/24758791268978179377186208s, 15; U. S. 1/49517582537956358754372416s, 14; U. S. 1/99035165075912717508744832s, 13; U. S. 1/198070330151825430017489664s, 12; U. S. 1/396140660303650860034979328s, 11; U. S. 1/792281320607301720069958656s, 10; U. S. 1/1584562641214603400139977312s, 9; U. S. 1/3169125282429206800279954624s, 8; U. S. 1/6338250564858413600559909248s, 7; U. S. 1/12676501129716827201119818496s, 6; U. S. 1/25353002259433654402239636992s, 5; U. S. 1/50706004518867308804479273984s, 4; U. S. 1/101412009037734617608958547968s, 3; U. S. 1/202824018075469235217911715936s, 2; U. S. 1/405648036150938470435823431872s, 1.

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SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND BUSINESS UNIVERSITY.

"THE GRAND," PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

HE MAY BE THE ONE

Detective Cason Thinks He Has Mrs. Daniels's Assailant.

SHE BELIEVES THAT IT IS THE ONE

Eugene Gordon Is the Man's Name—He Is a Teamster and Denies Being Guilty. Locked Up at the Police Station.

Detective Cason is confident that he has caught the negro who criminally assaulted Mrs. Jane Daniels at Bellwood night before last. Eugene Gordon, a big negro, in every way answering the description given of her assailant by Mrs. Daniels, was arrested by Officer Cason yesterday morning, and is now domiciled at police headquarters charged with the offense.

News of the assault was not received at police headquarters until late night before last. It was too late for the officers to do anything in the way of searching for the rapist, but yesterday morning the police took hold of it in earnest. Chief Wright detailed Detective Cason to assist in the search, and that clever officer went out to investigate.

He was not long in scenting a clue. Armed with a good description of the assailant of Mrs. Daniels, he took a look at all the negroes in the vicinity, and inquired in a quiet way about the negroes who frequented the lonely road on which Mrs. Daniels was assaulted.

After about two hours' inquiry Detective Cason found a man who filled the description capably. He was about the same size of the negro Mrs. Daniels described, and a torn place in his coat, which Mrs. Daniels had noticed, caught the attention of the detective. He found that the negro, whose name is Eugene Gordon, passed along the road on which the assault occurred every night.

He placed the negro under arrest and carried him to the home of Mrs. Daniels, at 26 Johns street. She was called to the door and Gordon was pointed out to her. She was nearly positive that he was her assailant. He fitted the description in every particular, and Detective Cason was convinced that he had the right man. Gordon was carried to police headquarters and locked up. He is about twenty-eight years old, and is a teamster. He denies the crime. He resides not far from the place where the outrage occurred.

Mrs. Daniels has by no means recovered from the effects of her terrible experience. The fright and the rough handling combined to produce physical prostration, and it will be some days before she will entirely recover from the shock. She says her assailant accomplished his purpose by holding a pistol to her head and threatening to kill her if she moved.

LEMON ELIXIR.

A Pleasant Lemon Tonic.

For biliousness, constipation, malaria, colds and the grip.

For indigestion, sick and nervous headaches.

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Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.

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Prepared only by Dr. H. Moziey, Atlanta, Ga.

Athens, Ga.—Sir: My child, five years old, had symptoms of worms. I tried calomel and other worm medicines, but without expelling any. Seeing Mr. Zahn's certificate, I got a visit of your Worm Oil, and the first dose brought forty worms, and the second dose so many were passed I did not count them. S. H. ADAMS.

A Grave Fault.

The Tendency of Many People to Procrastinate.

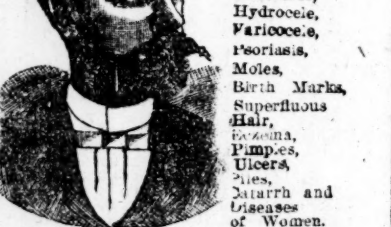
A Habit That Is Prone to Lead to Life-Long Difficulty.

One of the worst faults of mankind is procrastination. We are continually putting off until another time things that ought to be done at once. This fault grows on people and finally becomes second nature, valuable time is thus lost, and it is only some startling occurrence, some striking example of the folly of procrastination that leads one to reform in this respect.

Bad as is the effect of this evil habit upon the one who practices it, it is tenfold worse for the innocent sufferers through another's fault. With them there is too often no reparation, and the good once lost through procrastination can never be regained.

Take, for instance, persons who are suffering from disease, especially those forms of delicate diseases peculiar to men and women and are private in their nature. Such diseases, if not attended to at once, often cause untold misery; if taken at once, and treated by expert and skillful specialists, all danger, worry and trouble is generally avoided. Dr. Hathaway & Co., the eminent specialists of this city, are considered to be the leading and most successful in the treatment and cure of all such diseases. If you place your case into their hands you can rest assured of satisfactory results and an honest opinion given of your trouble.

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Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blanks—No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases. If you do not wish to address Dr. Hathaway & Co., simply write lock box 90, Atlanta, Ga.

Nice Christmas for New Year's Gifts

\$10 will purchase one year's tuition, and one of the few remaining shares of non-assessable stock in the Atlanta School of Art.

Water-color sketch will be given away with each of the above.

Apply at 630 Equitable building.

Attention, Smokers. All smokers will admit that nothing affords more pleasure than a rich "Havana" cigar after a fine Christmas dinner. Fully appreciating the wants of my customers, I have imported a special stock of select "Havana" cigars for the holidays, which are now displayed at the Big Bonanza Cigar Store, 17 Peachtree street. Being a direct importer, there is no middle man's profit, therefore, I can make you rock-bottom prices. Among my celebrated hand-made Cuban goods might be mentioned "La Corona," "La Fama," "Planta Perfecta," "El Conquistador," "Cienfuegos," "El Especial," "El Progreso," and numerous other brands of equally fine quality. These goods are being received from every week from my factory at Port Tampa, Fla.

As to quality there need be no comment, as their merits are known throughout the land. My stock of imported French and English Briar and Meerschaum pipes cannot be excelled. Neither can my stock of chewing and smoking tobacco be excelled. All of these goods may be had at my wholesale and retail establishment, Big Bonanza Cigar Store, 17 Peachtree street. Give me a call and I will not fail to please you in every instance.

A. L. CUESTA, Proprietor.
 A. G. BALLARD, Manager.
 dec 17-fri tue thur

HOTELS.

NOW OPEN.

HOTEL CORDOVA,
 St. Augustine, Fla.

One of the group of Spanish-Moresque palaces (Ponce de Leon, Alcazar, Bruday), American plan. Rates—\$1.50 per day. C. B. KNOTT, Manager.
 Hotel Ponce de Leon opens Jan. 10, 1894.

PETER LYNCH,

93 Whitehall St., and 7 Mitchell St., and Branch store 201 Peters St.

In addition to his large and varied stock is now receiving and has on hand a large supply of fireworks, such as Fire Crackers, Cannon Crackers, Torpedoes, Skyrockets, Roman Candles, Christmas Candles, etc. All of the above goods, as well as many others, he keeps at his branch and main stores. And at his Whitehall street store he has a large assortment of the best Wines and Liquors that can be found in the City of Atlanta or any other city. They consist of Fine Imported Sherry, Port and Madeira Wines, French Brandy, Holland Gin, Irish Whisky, Jamaica Rum, Dublin Porter, English Ale, and his stock of American Whisky, Brandy, Gins, Rums and Wines is complete and of the very best kind—all as low as the lowest for such qualities as they are. Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Loaded and Unloaded Shells, Cartridges blank and loaded. Terms cash.

Now Order and Plant

As soon as it rains shade trees, fruit trees, ornamental and flowering trees and shrubs, roses, etc. The best and cheapest can be had from

W. D. BEATIE,
 608 Equitable Building.

Catalogue free.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACTIVE canvassers can have exclusive agency for our good Atlanta. Large profits, permanent business. Haley, 126 Elm street, New York city.

THE Metropolitan Jockey Club of Chicago desires a live man in every town as broker for their winter books; liberal commissions. For information address A. J. Teevin, manager, 234 LaSalle street, Chicago. dec 28-3w wed su

AGENTS—Salary or commission. The greatest invention of the age. The new patent chemical ink erasing pencil. Sells on sight. Works like magic. Agents are making from \$25 to \$125 per week. For further particulars write the Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., 15, LaCrosse, Wis. sep 10-dly e o d

WANTED—Salesmen or agents. Good pay selling pants to order \$3, suits \$15. Hunter Tailoring Company, Cincinnati, O. dec 20-t e o d

MEN TO SELL BAKING POWDER—Steady employment, experience unnecessary. \$75 salary or commission. U. S. Chemical Works, 840 Van Buren, Chicago. aug 13-6m

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A situation as bookkeeper or assistant, bill clerk or salesman. Can show very strong papers. Fifteen years' experience. Middle aged. Apply 21 Humphries street. dec 26-tues thur sun

WANTED by a young man who is a cutter and fitter of ladies and gentlemen's garments—writes a good hand. Can give lessons in the German language and will make himself generally useful. Address D. S., this office. Refers to Jacob Haas. dec 27-tues thur sun

WANTED—A position as teacher of some good school by a young man with a collegiate education. Best of testimonials and references. Address: Joel C. Claud, Thomson, Ga. dec 26-tues thur sun

OWING TO A CHANGE in business I will need a position January 1st. Am twenty-three years of age, expert bookkeeper and accountant and have been with my present firm three years in that capacity. I am ambitious and hardworking and very anxious to succeed in a business way. Ref. care Constitution. dec 27-tues thur sun

POSITION AS traveling salesman. Book-keeper, assistant or general office. Good references. Address T., Constitution. dec 27-tues thur sun

A BUSINESSMAN about to visit general stores through Florida wishes to reply some Atlanta firm. A 1 references given. Address T. B., this office. dec 27-tues thur sun

FOR RENT—Cottages, Houses, Etc.

FOR RENT—Splendid residence, almost new, 10 rooms, besides two bathrooms and closets. Large lot, corner Richardson and Formwalt streets. Convenient to schools and two electric railroads. John B. Goodwin. dec 28-3w

FOR RENT—Nice, new 10-room house, near P. on car line; bargain if taken at once. P. H. Snook. dec 28-3w wed thur

RESIDENCE of the late Dr. Crichton, corner Courtland and Ellis streets, will be leased to an approved tenant. Ten large rooms; modern improvements; large, elevated lot, stables, etc. E. C. Crichton, 92 Kiser building. dec 24-1m

Rooms.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room in private family. Close in. 127 Ivy street. dec 28-3w

MONEY TO LOAN.

WANTED—To buy purchase money notes or any good notes well secured. Apply or address T. W. Baxter, 47 Equitable building. dec 27-tues thur sun

WE ARE prepared to negotiate loans of any amount on central business property at 6 per cent, also \$15,000 now on hand for choice residence loans. Weyman & Conner, 311 Equitable building. dec 27-tues thur sun

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiate loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad st. dec 27-tues thur sun

WE BUY notes, loan money on good collateral and negotiate loans at No. 42 South Pryor street. oct 11 to jan 1

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 32 Gould building. dec 27-tues thur sun

PERSONAL.

ELECTRIC—Electric supplies of every description. We repair electric motors in the electric line. Wade & Bettis, rooms 5, 6 and 7 Gould building. dec 16 to jan 1

MARRIED LADIES, for absolute safety and health use the Gen. New Invention. 10 cents. Ladies' Novelty Company, Kansas City, Mo. sep 14-1m

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee; Niagara Falls forty miles away. July 14.

CASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., jewelers, 57 Whitehall street. dec 27-tues thur sun

LOST.

STOLEN—A dark bay, light-bodied horse, black mane and tail, star in forehead; thin order, slender legs and lifts his hind legs when walking higher than usually; seven years old. Liberal reward for capture of horse and thief will be paid if returned to police headquarters, Atlanta, Ga. dec 27-tues thur sun

LOST—Gold chain bracelet and lock (carved). Finder will be liberally rewarded if returned to 57 Washington street. dec 27-tues thur sun

STRAYED FROM BALLARD HOUSE—Large liver and white pointer, "Trix." Weight about fifty pounds. Liberal reward. R. L. COONEY, 74 Marietta Street. dec 27-tues thur sun

FOUND.

\$40,000—Elbert County, Georgia. Courthouse and Jail Bonds For Sale—Will receive open bids for said bonds or any part of them, until January 30, 1894. Whenever a satisfactory offer is made we will sell. The bonds bear 6 per cent interest per annum, payable annually on January 1st, at treasurer's office in Elberton, Ga., or fiscal agency in New York city. The bonds are in three denominations—\$500, \$1,000 and \$2,000. The \$500 bonds are five in number, one maturing January 1, 1895, and one on January 1st annually thereafter. The \$1,000 bonds are five in number, one maturing January 1, 1895, and one on January 1st annually thereafter. The \$2,000 bonds are two in number, one maturing January 1, 1895, and one on January 1st annually thereafter. All of said bonds to bear date January 1, 1894. This issue is the only debt on the county. E. B. Tate, Chairman Commissioners Roads and Revenue, Elbert county, Ga. dec 20-tues thur sun

WANTED—Boarders. Two couples, without children, and four or five young men can secure nice rooms and good board at 62 Houston street. Terms reasonable. Mrs. J. R. Holcombe. dec 28-thur sun

WANTED—Boarders for two nicely furnished rooms, also 4 to 6 day boarders; good table; terms reasonable. Address 13 Ivy street. dec 28-thur sun

MEDICAL.

LADIES! Chichesters' English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable; take no other; send 4 cents in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichesters' Chemical Company, Philadelphia, Pa. april 18-1894 thur sat sun

WANTED—Rooms, Houses, Etc.

WANTED—To rent a neat five or six-room house in north side, close in, in a good neighborhood, with all modern improvements. Address Cash House, Constitution office. dec 28-3w

WANTED—Two or three connecting rooms for light housekeeping in private residence, good locality. Answer, giving full particulars, R. E. L., this office. dec 28-3w

WANTED—One unfurnished room with bath attached or small room; must be good location for gentleman and wife. Address M., care Constitution. dec 28-3w

WANTED—Good large office in business center. Also one double or two single communicating bedrooms with bath. Answer location and terms quick to Newcomer, Constitution office. dec 28-3w

INSTRUCTION.

GWIN SEMINARY—For girls and young ladies, opens after vacation January 24, corner Ellis and Ivy streets. D. W. Gwin, L.L.D. dec 28-3w

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.

FOR SALE—Horse, wagon and harness at great sacrifice. Am compelled to sell same. Apply No. 12 Whitehall street. dec 28-3w

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNDER MISCELLANEOUS A new boarding school for children under fourteen years of age under the management of a well-known and experienced teacher will be opened at the elegant new residence of Mrs. B. C. Frye, located in Urmewood, near Grant park. For further particulars, inquire at 116 Marietta street. dec 28-3w

CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals addressed to the mayor and general council will be received at the office of the city clerk until 3 p. m. Monday, January 15, 1894, for the following work: 1. The construction of all sewer and pipe sewers authorized by the city council for the terms of one, three and five years. 2. The construction of brick and cement sidewalks for terms of one, three and five years. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. Specifications can be seen and information in regard to the work obtained at the office of R. M. Clayton, city engineer. Bids will be made on basis of work being paid for in cash as heretofore and also on basis of one-fourth cash and balance in one, two and three years at 7 per cent interest. DAVID G. WYLLIE, Commissioner of Public Works. dec 28-wed sun

Oil and Sand-Fished Pressed Brick

FOR SALE BY THE Lint & Lovelace Commission Co.

Atlanta, Ga., agents for the Rome Brick Company, manufacturers of the finest brick in the south.

Where to Get Money at Low Rates.

Call On HENRY H. SCHAUL

No. 145 Decatur Street.

Who will lend you money on watches, jewelry, diamonds, pistols, clothing, musical instruments or anything of value. All transactions strictly confidential.

HENRY H. SCHAUL, No. 146 Decatur Street.

Sewing Machines at a sacrifice.

FOR RENT

Several nice rooms in new building. Constitution building. Atlanta, Ga. tenant. Apply at Constitution office.



—yes, Mrs. Goodtaste told me that she'd been all over town—that she never saw anything half as pretty and fine as J. P. Stevens & Bro.—the jewellers, display of Gold, Silver and Cut Glass Novelties—and such Cut Glass and Silverware—and the Prices—Mrs. Goodtaste said when she bought her Silver Set she pried everywhere—and Mr. Stevens' prices were the lowest.

hi
there!!

Don't be in a hurry—read this, the distillery bottling—genuine—“o. o. p.”—old scotch pepper—kempky's finest whisky—is put up in square bottles, with large “o. o. p.” printed in red on face of white label—white caps, embossed in red—“o. o. p.”—now be careful—don't be deceived.

bluthenthal & bickart.

“b. & b.”

marietta & forsyth.

whiskies, whiskies, whiskies.
“four aces whisky.”
“canadian club.”
“cleveland club,” dollar a quart.

A Rare Chance.
Having more business than I can well attend to, I wish to sell out my interest in the May Mantel Company.

This is an excellent opportunity to embark in a well established, safe, and remunerative business, with a large and extensive trade extending throughout the Southern States, and to step into a good snug berth, a responsible position, and a remunerative salary.

This manufactory has a first-class reputation for fine work, and has a record of financial prosperity equaled by few in this country. Address George S. May, Atlanta, Ga.

HE GOT LEFT.



because he failed to provide himself with one of our Fine Engagement Rings. We have a choice display in Diamond, Ruby, Opal, Emerald and Turquoise Rings, suitable for Engagement, Wedding, Birthday and Holiday Presents. Don't fail to visit our store if you want a ring.

A. L. DELKIN CO., 69 Whitehall Street.

Ten Dollars

EN DOLLARS
What better Christmas Gift could you give?
\$12
\$13.50
or
\$15.

A. Rosenfeld & Son,
Of Course,

24 Whitehall St., Cor. Alabama.

Before Buying a Vehicle

JAMES E HICKEY,
FINE DISPLAY OF

BROUGHAMS,
VICTORIAS,
EXTENSION TOPS,
BUGGIES,
and HARNESS of every Description;
Also FARM WAGONS and DRAYS,
HORSE BLANKETS, STORM COVERS,
FUR and RUBBER BOOTS,
No. 27 W. Alabama Street.

REVIVED IN ATLANTA

The Emory-Turner Sensation Comes Near
Cropping Out in This City.

CHIEF CONNOLLY TAKES A HAND

He Summoned Mrs. Turner to His Office,
and Warned Her Not to See Dr.
Emory Again.

The sensation in which Dr. Emory and the winsome Mrs. Turner acted the principal roles in Opelika, Ala., has been revived in Atlanta. Since several days ago Chief Connolly has been actively interested in the local developments in the case, and a culmination in the shape of an arrest would not have been surprising at any time. Both of the principals have been in Atlanta, and Dr. Emory is still here. The whereabouts of Mrs. Turner is a matter of conjecture. She is said to have left the city a day or so ago.

At present the case is in statu quo, but all indications point to a sensational denouement sooner or later. The relatives of Dr. Emory have taken hold of the affair energetically, and have repeatedly sought the advice and aid of the Atlanta officials to cause a permanent separation between Mrs. Turner and Dr. Emory.

The latter has a sister living in Atlanta, and her husband has undertaken to stop all communication between Mrs. Turner and Dr. Emory. This lady is Mrs. Lester, and her home is at the corner of Bartow and Luckie streets. She is a most estimable lady and her efforts have been made in the best of faith. A son of Dr. Emory has also been at work in the matter and has had several conferences with Chief Connolly. He is a young man of excellent character and reputation, and believes that the influence of Mrs. Turner has been extremely injurious to his father.

Mrs. Turner came to Atlanta something over two weeks ago and stopped at the Commercial hotel, situated between the Markham house and Decatur street. The landlady at that hotel says that Mrs. Turner acted in a blameless manner, but was strongly addicted to the use of opium. She took it frequently, besides injecting large quantities of it into her arms.

After she had been at the Commercial several days Dr. Emory called, and was said by Mrs. Turner to be her stepfather. The landlady said she had no reason to doubt this, as Mrs. Turner had always acted in a lady-like manner, and in a way that all calculated to arouse suspicion. She says that Dr. Emory called on Mrs. Turner several times, and a few days ago, while there, he was suddenly stricken with a most severe illness and it was thought that he would die.

Six or eight physicians were called in, and he was found to be in a dangerous condition. The physicians succeeded in bringing him around, but the fact that he had been taken ill while visiting Mrs. Turner reached the ears of his relatives, and they took immediate steps. Previous to this time he had been stopping with his sister, and his health had been very feeble.

His son had him removed to the Exchange hotel, on Marietta street, at once, and there for some time he lay ill. At this juncture, the aid of the police was asked for by Mr. Lester and young Emory. They told Chief Connolly of the seeming impossibility of separating Mrs. Turner and Dr. Emory. Chief Connolly advised that both Mrs. Turner and Dr. Emory be placed under arrest, but the family were anxious to avoid any further publicity. They besought Chief Connolly to take less rigorous steps to effect the purpose.

Chief Connolly sent for Mrs. Turner and had her carried to his office. He told her of the complaints of Dr. Emory's relatives, and warned her that she would not be allowed to call on Dr. Emory again. She protested strenuously, and said that the relatives existing between herself and Dr. Emory were those of patient and physician. She said Dr. Emory had been treating her for some months in a professional capacity.

The family still feared that Mrs. Turner would call on Dr. Emory at the Exchange, and an officer was stationed to watch his room to prevent her going to him. It seems, however, that she saw him in some way during the time. The family suspected that she was responsible for the doctor's use of opium, and for this reason, as much as any other, desired to keep them apart. Chief Connolly and his men, who have been looking after the case, have lost sight of Mrs. Turner, but she is thought to be in the city still. The chief stated yesterday that if she is again found with Dr. Emory, arrests will be made.

Catarra is caused by impure blood, and is cured by How's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood and gives the whole system health and strength. Try this "peculiar medicine."

FUNERAL OF MRS. RENEAU.

It occurred from the Decatur Methodist Church Yesterday Morning.

The funeral of Mrs. M. Renau, the mother of Mr. Louis Renau and Mrs. John Blackshear, occurred from the Methodist church of Decatur, Ga., yesterday morning at 11 o'clock.

Mrs. Renau had a large number of friends and acquaintances in this city and the funeral was largely attended. Appropriate services were held and the useful lesson of this noble woman's life was drawn in a most impressive manner.

UNSURPASSED FOR ITS GAYETY

Will Be the New Year's Reception at the Christian Association.

The New Year's reception at the Young Men's Christian Association this year will be unusually brilliant.

Handsome cards have been issued to the young people of the city, inviting them to be present, and a large attendance will no doubt grace the occasion.

An exquisite programme by the Orpheus Glee Club will be carried out, commencing promptly at 8 o'clock. Mr. Ed L. Brown, of the Aragon hotel, will give one or two of his humorous readings.

This will be followed by an exhibit in the gymnasium, which promises to be of unusual interest.

Delightful refreshments will be served and the occasion will be one of the most charming ever known in the history of the association.

No Christmas and New Year's table should be without a bottle of Angostura Bitters, the world renowned appetizer of exquisite flavor. Beware of counterfeits.

AN HONORARY FELLOWSHIP.

Dr. George F. Payne Made a Fellow of the London Chemical Society.

Dr. George F. Payne, Georgia's state chemist, has just been notified that at a recent meeting of the London Chemical Society he was elected to an honorary fellowship in that body. This is a high compliment and one well deserved. The London Chemical Society is one of the leading scientific societies of Great Britain, and only selects honorary members for distinguished work in the chemical field. There are only fifteen or twenty fellows of the society in America, and in selecting Dr. Payne for the honor, the society has paid him a handsome compliment.

Hereafter Dr. Payne will have the privilege of signing the title "F. C. S." after his name.

A Valuable Remedy.

Hon. Edmund L. Pitts, the late president of the New York State Senate, writes, "State of New York, Senate Chamber, Albany, March 11, 1893.—I have used Allen's Kidney Pills in my family for the past five years, and can truthfully say they are a valuable remedy and effect great cures. I have in several instances given some of my friends suffering with weak and lame backs, and they have afforded relief, and I can say with speed and relief. They cannot be too highly commended."

Cheney's Expectorant
Will cure your Cough.

WE

Hardly Ever

DO

One Price.

Miss a customer who wants to buy an Overcoat. We've nearly two thousand to select from. Every one of them, at no matter what price, the most fashionable. We've just the best Overcoat in the city at its price—\$20.

We've bought and sold them all through this season. We can hardly get 'em in fast enough. (They are NOT marked down.)

Others for \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$22, \$25, \$30, and \$35.

A King might have ten million square miles of territory and not one palace on it, and a tailor might have as many yards of fine Overcoating and not get a fashionable garment out of it. It takes the right tailor and the proper material to produce that sort of Overcoats. We've the best.

Plain Figures.

Ends-Need-Lo

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTRA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

TO SHOE DEALERS:

There are "bests" among Shoemakers as among manufacturers of every kind, for the best of best, no matter what, there's almost sure to be something to pay for the name. Most folks are willing to pay it—the certainty of excellence is worth the extra cost. But suppose the goodness and the guarantee come without a cent more to pay? Here they are:

"OLD COLONY."

Men's Calf Shoes. All widths and sizes and made expressly for the foot comfort of men who walk a great deal. Pump soles, plump uppers; good for wet days, good for cold days.

"QUEEN AND CRESCENT."

Women's Dongola Shoes, button or lace, made to our order, of chosen leathers, by one of the widest-awake American manufacturers. Where could be better Shoes at the price? Retailers may buy here in any quantities and select their own range of sizes.

GOLEMAN, BURDEN & WARTHEN CO.,
Cor. Pryor and Decatur Sts., Atlanta.

THE HOFFMAN HOUSE BOUQUET CIGAR



This Cigar has the Largest Sale of any Domestic Cigar Made. 15,000,000 sold annually.

No dealer should be without this brand. All sizes and shapes carried in stock. Give them a trial.

L. MEYER & CO., 1 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.,
DISTRIBUTING AGENTS.

40 1-2 Peachtree St.
For a Nice
Xmas Present
Visit
H. W. Yarbrough,
Who makes all styles of
Picture Frames to order.
Also nice line Pictures.
401-2 Peachtree St.

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER.

IS FROM

THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO.

No. 108 CANAL STREET,

CINCINNATI, OHIO

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

SENSIBLE-COMFORTABLE-PLEASING

You'll find just the thing for a Christmas Present in our varied selection of Clothing and Furnishings, Mens' and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Neckwear, and all the many fixings necessary to the masculine make-up. Our December sales will swell as a result of the LOW PRICES we are offering. SEE THEM.

HIRSCH BROS., 44 Whitehall Street.



SOTHERN Terra Cotta Works,

Office and Works 304 Chapel street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
P. P. ELLEGRIINI, L. P. HUNKKOFF AND A. FUGAZZI.
Successors to Pellegrini & Castleberry.

Successors to Pellegrini & Castleberry. Manufacturers of Ornamental Staff Work for Exterior and Interior of Buildings, Firebrick, Flue Lining, Stove Thimbles, Locomotive and Boiler Arch Brick. The most complete Grate Back made.

A Large Stock of Chimney Tops

If you have a chimney that smokes notify us and will make it draw.

M. G. WHITLOCK & CO.,

256 MARIETTA STREET.

OFFER MINGO, JELICO, ALABAMA AND ANTHRACITE

COAL

Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders kindly so limited. Phone 1415.

COAL \$1.50!

and up. Send in your order and try us and be convinced that we sell the best and most elegant coal to be had, or have your money refunded if this statement is not true.

PHONE No. 203. SCIPLE SONS.

BUY
ANTHRACITE,
MONTEVALLO,
JELICO,
SPLINT,

COAL.

FROM

R. O. CAMPBELL,

Yards—Magnolia Street and E. T. Va. and Ga. Railroad. Telephone 334.
Office—3 Edgewood Avenue, corner Peachtree. Telephone 1025.

WRITE FOR PRICES

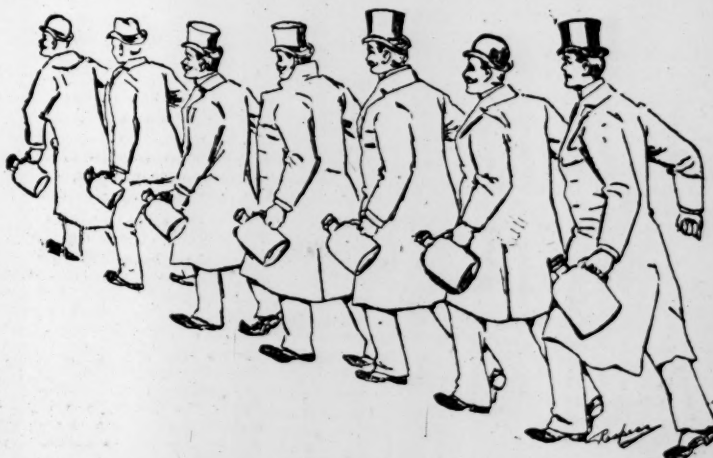
GEO. P. HOWARD

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

JELICO COAL,

Best Alabama Coal.

Coal at yard handled entirely in bins. No possible chance to mix with dirt. Best arranged yard in the south. See it. Yard 325 Decatur street, corner Grant. Telephone 1140. Office, 45 Edgewood Avenue, opposite Equitable building. Telephone 1070. Oct 27-28



WE ARE GOING FOR
Stone Mountain Corn Liquor
—AT—
Potts-Thompson Liquor Co.
7-9-11-13 Decatur St.—It's the Best in America.

The Direct World's Fair Line.



Are you going to the world's fair or any point in the northwest, via Chicago? If so ask your ticket agent for ticket via Louisville, or via Cincinnati, and Indianapolis; Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and St. Louis. Elegant through cars with Pullman vestibule trains to Chicago via Louisville and Cincinnati, with magnificent parlor, dining and compartment cars. FRANK J. REED, Gen. Pass. Ag't, Chicago, Ill. W. H. McDOEL, General Manager.

THE HOLIDAY SEASON.

Read all the advertisements, Visit all the stores, and then go to Bolles, the Stationer, 8 Marietta street, for your Christmas Presents.